# **Educational Program**

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## Introduction

The following educational program narrative is the result of collaborative efforts between Westwood Public Schools and their designer, Dore + Whittier. It communicates the District's existing and future educational program offerings, defines expected educational activities, and provides an in-depth description of the District's position on key curriculum goals, objectives, and polices. Information contained in this section is organized to align with the expectations identified in the MSBA Module 3, Section 3.1.2.

The educational program applies to a new or renovated facility with the of three agreed-upon enrollments:

- Enrollment 1: Paul Hanlon Elementary School 2 dudents
- Enrollment 2: Hanlon + Deerfield Elementary pools 560 students
- Enrollment 3: Hanlon + Sheehan Elementary School 68 dents

Ultimately, the intent of this section of minary Design gram document is to establish a clear roadmap for the development of thre maries (one each agreed upon enrollment), pace conceptual design alternatives, and a basis f ferred alternative. Much of valuatio dentify a what's described in the fol lies t esign inrollments; therefore, the locument a District has structured t irrative w ections doc enting any programs, services, a sing nstructio practices that differ within the existing facilities teaching methodolg and preferr and/or may change d on the agr -upon enro ents.

In April 2014, the Westwood Public Schools completed a comprehensive Space and Capital Needs Study, during which their architect, SMMA, developed a master plan of options based on a three-tiered approach as defined by the District. Tier one options, labeled as "Status Quo", investigated only vry code and syste upgra Tier two options, labeled as "Satisfy Educational Program", nec intend match the numb of class ns and resulting student populations with the capacity of paces. Finally, tier three options, labeled as "Consolidate", explored special educatio academic aches and o ns for constructing a new elementary school by consolidating 2-3 redistricting a s. The Hanlon Building Project is a result of that Space and Capital of the existing e ntary di Needs Study.

## **District Mission**

The mission of the Westwood Public Schools is *"to prepare students for college, career, and civic life by providing rich and challenging curriculum, high-quality instruction, and authentic educational experiences".* The District supports this mission by implementing and encouraging three core values across all schools:

- Academic excellence and a commitment to improvement
- Curiosity and tenacity
- Respectful relationships in a caring, collaborative community

## Vision + Strategic Objectives

As per the District's Vision, "Graduates of the Westwood Public Schools are skilled, confident, curious, and kind: excited for their futures and ready to contribute to their communities." To achieve this vision, the District has developed a Strategy for District Improvement, organized into four main objectives:

- Meaningful Learning Experiences,
  - Expand and invest in provide and practices that provide a mentic, student-centered learning.
  - Identify opportunities and support the palopment of student-led civic engagement projects.
  - Explore option is a performance time and integrate an ambitious educational visit with the velopment beeds of students.
- Cohe , con ted Currice p

r gap

Improve statent reading and writing outcomes by aligning curriculum and instruction PreK - 12.

Promote service, peer observation and peer feedback within and service ools in a service to help students progress toward learning goals from war to year/building building without unnecessary repetition

• relop a unageable approach to common assessment that provides eductors, students and parents information about student learning.

ealthy approved School Community

op and implement a district wide plan for meeting students' social d emotional learning needs.

- Implement programs and instructional practices that recognize and support the needs of students and families in an increasingly diverse community.
- Expand efforts to help students navigate the technology-infused environment in a way that is safe, effective, healthy, and well-balanced.

- Facilities for the Future
  - Engage residents in open dialogue about the qualities of school facilities that will support the next generation of Westwood students.
  - Continue to meet MSBA requirements, milestones, and deliverables to complete the Feasibility Study.
  - In collaboration with municipal police and fire, continue to improve school security infrastructure.

## School-wide Goals

Within the District-wide objectives, the Westwood Funct Schools 2015, 20 Elementary School Improvement Plan identifies specific elementary goals targeting en District objective:

- Meaningful Learning Experiences
  - Explore hands-on learning opposition for end-of-year culminating experience with the *5*.
  - Support expansion on thing and make aces beyond Grade 3
  - Continue to support student wiry-based prining in science.
  - Identify opportunity and supreme development of student-led civic
    Base and projects
- Concent, Connella Curriculum

P

0

oplematic concernmentations from ELA review committee.
 Provide observation a coaching within and across schools in order observation or gress toward learning goals from year to ar/builting to building without unnecessary repetition or gaps.
 Evence opportunities for integrating literacy with other content areas.

Healthy and pported School Community

e social emotional learning (SEL) training for all classroom hers.

rovide SEL programming for parents.

## Description of Current and Future Educational Program

A challenge exists when documenting the future educational program for any building expected to exist for fifty years. That challenge, of course, is that it is very difficult to predict the educational needs of a school beyond five or ten years. New research will emerge related to teaching and learning. Technology will continue to evolve and have an impact on means and methods. With that understanding, the description of the future educational program provider in this subsection is representative of the District's best understanding of how the new previous representation will be used. It is important to note, however, that to the greatest external scale, the District's guiding principles for design include incorporating enough flexibility interne design uch that educational policies and practices can evolve over time.

## A. Grade and School Configuration Policies

## Current Grade Configuration

The Westwood Public Schools currently openers five equal stary schools supporting grades K-5. The District's current (2019-2020) and a manual specific schools are set of the se

- Prevield School:
- Whey School: Manual Jones: 2
  - Paul Fr
- Viam E. ehan: 310

The abtrict also operates a Westword Integrated Preschool, a District-wide PK program for three and four-year old children with special education needs, as well as community children without disabilities, the serve as developmental models for children with disabilities in the skill areas of language, socialization, play and motor development. All students must be three years of age and Westwood residents to enroll. Currently, there are 41 students in the program, which is housed at the same building as the serve as High School with a smaller off site location at the Downey Elementary School for students when ceive programming as part of the Westwood Applied Behavior Analysis program who are ages three and four.

Finally, the District operates a stand-alone middle school and high school with 2019-2020 enrollment as follows:

- E. W. Thurston Middle School: 706
- Westwood High School: 1,007

#### Proposed Grade Configuration

The District's future educational program includes the option of consolidating the Hanlon School with either the Deerfield or Sheehan School in a new or renovated facility. No other changes to grade or school configurations are planned at this time.

Currently, all three elementary schools considered as part of this ect (Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan) maintain 1-3 sections per grade level, which fluctuates r as students matriculate through the grades. Following a review of the educational literate surrou class size, the District has committed itself to smaller class sizes given rese hat suggests students in small environments are much less likely to be overlooked enated. Additionally, aller class sizes ction and increased student a encourage greater individualized student-teacher i lemic. social. and emotional success. Smaller class sizes also fu support i vention strategie ithin the classroom for students who need extra support.

Even when consolidating two elementary as the list of the District have believes that it can continue to support these small learning communities a manufactory smaller these sizes and leveraging gradelevel clusters throughout the building.

## B. Class Size Policies

The District's Class Size Vicy (approved December 14, 017) is as follows:

File IIB sun "strict's, v states that:

The stwood School C mmitted to favorable class sizes at all grade levels as one ittee impon element of the ning ex ence for students. To the extent possible, the School nable class sizes in all classrooms throughout the system. Committe ill maintain re d below, with the understanding that these are guidelines rather Recommende ass sizes are than absolute li ict, literal adherence, and should serve as a guide for budgeting requirip he enrollment of new students into classes that are near or at the purposes and in renumbers listed below:

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>Class Size</u>	
K-3	18-22	
4-5	18-24	

6-12

Reasonable class sizes (18-24), ideally not higher than 28, with the exception of traditionally large group classes (e.g. band)

In the event that a class in grades K-3 reaches 23 students or a class in grades 4-5 reaches 25 students, or if a principal believes that a particular class is not functioning properly, the superintendent in consultation with the building principal may recommend one of the following actions:

- 1. Reallocate or increase literacy or math specialist suppor
- 2. Reallocate or increase literacy paraprofessional sup
- 3. Assign an instructional assistant to the class for reasonable of the day
- 4. Provide an additional teacher in a co-teaching.
- 5. Open an additional class section at that gr
- 6. Use other practical solutions as may be med appropriate

If, in the judgment of the superintendent, it is necessary to take active that would affer the budget, such as increasing professional staffing, a recommend. In will be ought to the School Committee for approval.

As a matter of practice, the District seeks in the principle class sizes whin the boundary of its class size policy. In certain circumstances, actual principle on the these pargets are exceeded, but the District strives to avoid this when possible classed on the above targets, the projected general classroom needs for this production as follows.

## Hanlon Schoopulation on

315 studen of grace 53 students per grade level

- dents ÷ adudents per Kinds arten classroom = (3) Kindergarten classrooms
- 53 studiens x 5 grave levels = 265 students ÷18 students per classroom = (15) Grade 1-5 classrooms\*

<sup>24</sup> District proposes additional classrooms for Grades 1-5 to maintain 3 sections per grad a vel as students a triculate through the system.

Combined Prophererfield populations:

- 500 students total ÷ 6 grade levels = 93 students per grade level
- 93 students ÷ 18 students per Kindergarten classroom = (5) Kindergarten classrooms
- 93 students x 5 grade levels = 465 students ÷ 18 students per classroom = (25) Grade 1-5 classrooms\*

\*The District proposes 5 additional classrooms for Grades 1-5 to maintain 5 sections per grade level as students matriculate through the system.

#### Combined Hanlon + Sheehan populations:

- 685 students total ÷ 6 grade levels = 114 students per grade level
- 114 students ÷ 18 students per classroom = (6) Kindergarten classrooms
- 114 students x 5 grade levels = 570 students ÷ 18 students per classroom = (30) Grade 1-5 classrooms\*

\*The District proposes 5 additional classrooms for Grades 1-5 to potain 6 sections per grade level as students matriculate through the system.

## C. School Scheduling Method

## Current Scheduling Methodology

of general education teachers, The building schedule is created by a sc ling team const special educators, and instructional spec well as the pl al. Priorities are given to creating 45-90 minute blocks for math, lite (, WI cience, an cial studies, and aligning academic blocks across grade-level classroo thus allo upport to maximize their time with students. In addition cvention blocks per week to e-level ha ee i ensure that students in Speech, Or, , etc. can be pulled out of d of rela services ic instruc classrooms without sing new acad

Specials (art, music, lib coding re schedu with the goal of providing common planning ti rade-le tur y for teachers to collaborate with s and t educators. This goal, which is critical to Westwood's vision of the instru d spe lan for instruction, student-centered instructional coaching, rmative asses t data USE nd special education, is complicated by the fact that art, seamless integrat and fgene PE teachers curre e, sometimes making it impossible to create this music, share hedule is further constrained by the fact that interventionists common p ssional time. Th (literacy specia math speci s, ELL teacher, OT, etc.) currently share one space.

The current time allower core academic subjects at Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary Schools are as follows:

Core Academic Subjects

ELA:105-135 minutes dailyMath:45-60 minutes daily

Science/Social Studies<sup>1</sup>:

45-60 minutes daily

Specialized Subjects

Art (Performing + Visual Art):	45 minutes; 1-2 times per week*
Music:	45 minutes; 1-2 times per yek*
Physical Education (Adaptive PE):	45 minutes; 1-2 times particle k*
Library:	45 minutes; 1-2 time week*
Coding (only grade 3):	45 minutes; 1 per ext

\*Students in Grades K-2 and 4-5 at Hanlon, Drankid, and Sheehan to provided a second session of either art, music, PE, or library or nerweek to complete the 5 to especials cycle. Alternatively, students in Grade 3 are inlon Deerfield, and Sheehan the provided instruction in coding as part of their 5-day occials rotation

Though Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheeber follow the same ademic schedule, their school day start/end time is one area where they the tike other Dist in elementary schools, Hanlon and Sheehan run from 8:50am - 3:10pm. Deerind run in 8:25am - 15pm in order to accommodate the District's bus runs.

## Proposed Changes to F Scheolog Method

In all three design e ments, the c academic p ramming will remain very similar in terms of instructional minutes. llocat alized su ct minutes may change as the district looks and 5 and makerspace-like Learning Lab to expan rade co sses into pentary grades. The additional coding lessons will be taught by a oppor t the es throu e in the Massachusetts Digital Literacy and Computer Science a lead instructo h exp qu s will be supported by our library media and instructional (DLC andards. Learn ab pro pecialists in part technol ship with assroom and other subject specific teachers (e.g., music).

While the minu collotment for pecialized subjects may change, the scheduling methodology itself will still be a concertative produce and prioritize the creation of common planning time. The availability of dedicate product for art, music, PE and coding/Learning Lab will allow for more flexibility in creating dynamic schedules that support student needs.

In the Hanlon-only option or either of the consolidation options, the school start and end times will be 8:50-3:10 if no other changes are made to start times in the district. This spring, the district is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Throughout the school year, most elementary teachers alternate between social studies and science units.

beginning to examine the possibility of later high school start times. If a change is made at the secondary level, in all likelihood, elementary start times would change as well.

## D. Teaching Methodology and Structure

This section documents current and proposed administrative structure academic structures, and teaching methods for each existing school and design enrol to *x*.

Administrative and Academic Organization/Structure

## Current Organization

Hanlon, Sheehan, and Deerfield Elementary Schools are concrently led by a full-time building principal, each of whom oversees teaching a concademic support staff for students in grades K-5. To date, the District has directed the design form to the former personnel in each agreed-upon design enrollment:

	Personnel	Hanlon Only	Hanlon + Deerfield	Hanlon + Sheehan
	Prin	1	1	1
	Assistant Prin		1	1
	tary	1	2	2.5
	Nurs	1	2	2
	School Psycholo		1.6	2
	Teacher – K	3	5	6
	ncher – 1 <sup>st</sup> -5 <sup>th</sup>	15	25	30

As the feasibility study progresses, the District may revisit the planning numbers for administrative and academic personnel.

## Curriculum Delivery Methods & Practices

Current Practices

Guided by a shared commitment to meet the needs of a wide range of student learners, classroom teachers at Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan plan lessons that are student-centered, hands-on, and inquiry-based. Classrooms are a bustling hub of differentiated, cooperative, small-group learning teams. General education teachers, special education teachers, and interventionists share students across classrooms, utilizing break-out spaces and pushing into classrooms throughout the day. Because all three elementary schools' current spaces are smaller than average and not designed for this type of instruction, "push-in" support and small group work often takes place in classroom corners, on the floor, and at small tables in the backs of classrooms out support happens in hallways, converted closets, the cafeteria, the lobby, shared office tables, and in Special Education classrooms, which are also converted offices.

Increasingly, teachers in Westwood are using a worksho vle approach struction. Lessons typically begin with a whole group introduction or mini n. This is followed ime for students partner, in a small group, to roll up their sleeves and work -- independently, w with a teacher gned with a cbild's specific instru or instructional assistant -- on a task that has been nal needs in mind. During math workshop time, for example, acher m ake time to review concept with the whole class seated at the rug near the white er the review, students work in different stations depending on their le mastery of the c ept. One group might work through some tasks with guidance from the teac or group mig actice independently and check a orts gene their results online, a third group plays a g e that ation of the skill and a fourth group, guided by a math coach takes on som hallenge ms.

These classroom pra ed by the ficant investment that the Westwood Public are sup Schools has made structional Sp ilists/Coac Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary ogy, Scien Schools leverage Tec SEL, Math, al iteracy Specialists/Instructional Coaches to support both staff and st t le vide embedded professional development aches rriculum and achieve the District's strategic and sup lement the Dis teachei with teachers, model lessons, help teachers analyze data, help goal ructional les co classroom-based de. and work with building based child study teams to monitor venti s the effectivenes interv ons. Coaches have also started conducting walkthroughs and a with adh trators followed debriefing sessions, in order to highlight effective instructional portunities for additional teacher training and support. strategies in on and identify

Both push in (within the classified of during literacy lessons) and pull out (small group work outside of the classroom) literacy contention is provided for students who may need supplemental support in their development of reading and writing skills. Students are identified for intervention through a series of literacy assessments, and intervention is provided by literacy specialist/coaches or literacy paraprofessionals in addition to classroom teachers themselves. Students who receive literacy intervention commonly receive instruction from a member of the literacy staff several times a week.

Math specialist/coaches provide a very similar level of support in math for students and staff. The mathematics specialists assist classroom teachers in determining students in need of intervention to meet grade-level standards. Coaches also work with classroom teachers to develop in-class interventions for students, as well as provide direct services to small groups of students identified as needing targeted intervention.

Instructional technology coaches and science coaches work with both stucents and teachers as well. These professionals often co-teach with classroom educators when intracting a new unit in science or new technology skills. They also offer support when teachers are using for science instruction or planning lessons that integrate new technology resources.

## Proposed Changes

nt personnel, profession development, The Westwood Public Schools has invested sig school experience for our stud materials, equipment and supplies into an element that is in line with best practices in the field of elementary education and ha rticulated strategy district improvement. Programmatically, the new educational ald need to support continued emphasis on a workshop model for liter d math; increas e district's ability to provide a handsnities for pro on, inquiry-based STEM education; provide based learning to promote civic 0p ialized sub engagement in social studies; enhance a ro t arts. program; and house special education programs designed to support stu ts in the comn

In addition, the spe t/coaches in eracy and ath seek to provide more intervention and support within the ular classroo op instructional time, and to reduce the during work lasses. For this shift to be effective, amount of time that s ents ar ut of the o support multiple activities happening classroom have end ce and b ed simult tly, the re no dedicated rooms for science, technology, math or literacy usly. G ts/coaches to f or students. Many of these staff are housed in converted spr with stor paces. The SEL c linator rand new position in the District--will also be engaged in coaching. In any design enrollment option, the District Q, co-planning, co ching a providi seeks dedit d space for spec sts/coaches.

#### English Language X (Liter)

## Current Practices

Westwood Public Schools recent English Language Arts (ELA) and Literacy Curriculum Review lays out an ambitious vision for student achievement that is carefully aligned with the goals of the Massachusetts English Language Arts Curriculum Frameworks: Students in the Westwood Public Schools are curious readers, critical thinkers, careful researchers, thoughtful listeners, effective writers, and powerful speakers.

*They explore, question, and analyze texts that represent diverse voices and experiences. They collaborate to share insights and discover new ideas.* 

*They speak and write to shape their lives, their communities, and their world. They use their developing skills to inform, persuade, create, and inspire.* 

ELA/Literacy instruction in the elementary grades involves teachers modeling their own thinking, questions, and strategies for students in a manner that brings transparency to the reading and writing processes, while gradually releasing the responsibility for employing these skills and strategies to the students. Simultaneously, students learn the foundational literacy skills necessary to read texts independently and compose their own thoughts in writing. As students move through the elementary grades, the depth and complexity of the texts, compositions, and discussions increases. Teachers facilitate student-led discussions in a manner that allows students to synthesize a variety of information from a range of sources.

Most elementary Westwood Public School educators use Reading and Writing Workshop as their primary instructional model. Pulling from a variety of researched-based resources, teachers introduce and model specific skills or strategies during a brief, targeted lesson. The skills and strategies chosen are based on the individual and collective needs of the students. The students are then given an opportunity to apply the skill or strategy during independent/partner/small group reading and writing times. During this time, the teacher conferences with students individually or meets with students in small groups to address individual needs, further develop the targeted skill or strategy, and assess for the transfer of skills and strategies into students' independent practices. The conferencing and small-group portion of the workshops is also a time during which teachers identify the specific needs of the students that will be addressed in future focus lessons. Finally, the Reading and Writing Workshop times usually conclude with a whole-class sharing time that allows students to learn from each other what is helping them to be successful readers and writers.

In addition, Westwood employs specific phonics and spelling programs. The *Fundations Program* is used in grades K-2 and *Sitton Spelling* in grades 3-5.

In grades K-2 teachers draw on the program *Handwriting Without Tears* for handwriting instruction. At the end of grade 2, students are introduced to *Typing Club*, a web-based program for learning keyboarding skills.

Proposed Changes

The recent curriculum review included recommendations for changes and improvements that will impact elementary instruction when implemented. First, while the *Calkins Units of Study* curriculum resource (a Reading and Writing Workshop -based program) is widely used, it will now be adopted district wide. This means that at every grade level, elementary classrooms throughout the district will be relying on the workshop structure. As a result, we expect to see short blocks of direct instruction time and longer stretches of individual and small group work.

The district is looking for classrooms that are designed to complement remodel: spaces that adapt to support whole group lessons, independent reading and write dame, small group planning and discussion, and student-led presentation.

## **Mathematics**

## Current Practices

The goals of Westwood's elementary math program are to ensure that students learn the mathematical concepts articulated in the *Massachusetts Frameworks* and also to help students learn to use mathematical practices (e.g.,"look for and make use of structure" or "attend to precision") in school and in daily life to solve problems.

The district uses the <u>TERC</u> Investigations in Numbers, Data, and Space program coupled with a workshop approach to develop computational fluency, deep conceptual understanding, and the capacity to apply mathematical concepts to real-world problems. Through their study of mathematics, students engage with operations and algebraic thinking, numbers and operations in base ten and fractions, measurement and data, and geometry. The program is guided by the following set of beliefs about teaching, learning, and assessing mathematics:

- Mathematical ideas should be explored in ways that stimulate curiosity, create enjoyment of mathematics, develop depth of understanding, and promote mathematical thinking.
  - An effective mathematics program focuses on problem solving and requires teachers who have a deep knowledge of mathematics.
  - Assessment of student learning in mathematics should be designed to inform instruction and learning

## Proposed Changes

The district has recently focused on helping teachers develop a more nuanced understanding of mathematical fluency, and as part of that effort, math specialists are working with teachers to

replace timed, random math fact practice with games and activities that promote fluency. Students often participate in these games and activities during math workshop time.

One of the greatest challenges elementary educators face is that of supporting the learning of students with wide-ranging math skills. Some of our students take extra math classes outside of school for enrichment, while others needs extra support and practice to develop fundamental numeracy. Our math coaching team is currently working to shift the current model of math support so that teachers can differentiate instruction more consistently and prevention opportunities for struggling students in class. In order to facilitate the mange, math coaches are using a student-centered coaching approach and providing math due to intervention support instead of pulling students out of class.

The availability of breakout spaces within and near clause oms, along with the clause of grade level classrooms will enhance the district's ability to give toward this model. Coase is will then have the ability to work with groups of students from pultiple classes in an area that is within or adjacent to the classes themselves.

## <u>Science</u>

## Current Practices

As part of the district's continual curriculum review process, the Westwood Public Schools engaged in a PreK-12 review of its science curriculum during the 2015-2016 school year. The goals of the review were to assess program strengths, identify areas for improvement, and establish a process for aligning curriculum to the state's newly adopted learning standards for Science, Technology, and Engineering. As a result of that process, the Science Curriculum Review Committee articulated a vision for science learning in Westwood that now guides the work of elementary educators:



- Students in the Westwood Public Schools engage in an inquiry-based approach to science: they ask good questions, and the systematic pursuit of answers leads them to more questions.
  - Students work in teams to observe and analyze, design and refine, and they use a wide array of technologies and tools to support their creations and investigations.
- Students discover and draw on the connections among the sciences as well as the connections between science and other disciplines. In addition to learning science concepts, they learn to think, listen, read, write and speak like scientists.
- Most importantly, students enjoy exploring their world and the universe through science. They follow the trail of their curiosity as they investigate questions and problems that matter both locally and globally.

Instruction during science lessons is hands-on, inquiry-based, and exploratory, with the goal of developing in students the knowledge, skills, and habits of scientists. Teachers are also beginning to

help students access science concepts through the use of non-fiction texts that are part of literacy and social studies instruction.

Several of our schools (Deerfield, Sheehan and Downey) have dedicated outdoor learning spaces that support hands-on science learning. Gardens are used to study plant life cycles and to learn about the impact of soil, sunlight, water and other variables on the growth and development of plants. Several schools also have easy access to forest or wetland habitats that students can explore during plant and animal studies.

In 2019-2020, the district initiated a composting program in all five elementary cafeterias, with grant support from a local educational foundation. The composting program ties directly to science lessons in all of our elementary grades, with a full composting unit in grade 5.

At the elementary level, formal science instruction typically takes place during 45 - 60 minute blocks of daily time. Many teachers alternate between science units and social studies units. Educators use STEMScopes as a primary curriculum resource with supplemental lessons from Mystery Science.

Finally, many teachers have started incorporating informal opportunities for science learning throughout the day into their schedules by setting up classroom "wonder stations" and by using morning circle time and other flexible time blocks to encourage students to ask scientific questions and explore science ideas

## Proposed Changes

culum ass Westwood's science ility to set up differentiated, inquiry-based, s a teacher's material-intensive science oeri dren ca un and observe, either in the classroom or in outdo teach in cooperative, small-group learning paces. assumes the classrooms and a lack of break-out space often necessitate using nitatio team rently, spa a for ce instruction. A goal for the District is to have educational th iway, gym or cafe facilit hat allow staff and dents ly realize this kind of science learning.

The District exisions this type of project-based, investigative learning taking place in the general education class of ms, with additional potential for using the reimagined library, extended learning spaces, shared show group of ms, outdoor learning spaces, and a dedicated STEAM room for experiments and/or domain rations that a classroom alone may not be able to support.

For example, at the current Hanlon School, larger assembly spaces like the cafeteria and gym are used as teaching space for science experiments such as building large-scale marble roller coasters to demonstrate principles in force and motion. Currently, these teaching models and manipulatives must be dismantled and rebuilt between science lessons, which often means a loss of continuity, time on learning, and teacher prep time. In either design-enrollment, environments conducive of supporting Next Generation Science standards should include:

- Storage space for science kits and additional materials; these areas might also allow for experimentation with plants or animals in various simulated "environments."
- Water available with a sink deep enough to facilitate cleaning specimens and glassware and filling of large basins of water for activities like buoyancy experiments.
- Access to robust, interactive technology with applications and software used to support curricular access and application (e.g., an augmented reality sandbox)
- Flexibility in space and furniture to support various instantional strategies, activities, group sizes, and learning modalities
- Ample counter space to display student work and/or for set-up purposes between classes.
- Portable prep table for materials organization and distribution
- A rug area and/or presentation area to particle guest speakers would whole class meetings
- Storage at a child's scale (separate from the locked teamer storage) to support student ownership in the gathering and maniputing of provides

#### Social Studies

#### Current Practices

The district is currently engaged in a K-12 review of social studies curriculum and instruction in order to ensure more consistent practice, to promote authentic, real-world learning experiences and to align to the recently revised *Massachusetts History and Social Science Frameworks* (2018).

At the elementary level, social studies instruction typically takes place during 45 - 60 minute blocks of daily time. Most teachers alternate between science units and social studies units during the course of the school year.

The current social studies units are partially aligned with the grade-level content prescribed in the Massachusetts curriculum frameworks and follow a developmentally appropriate progression that first examines oneself in relation to family, then the local community, and then the larger world. While engaging with the content, the curriculum focuses on developing in students the critical skills necessary to become engaged, informed, responsible citizens.

## Proposed Changes

While the curriculum review process has just started, the District already anticipates some significant changes to the social studies program. First and foremost, the increased emphasis on civics and civic engagement in the new state framework, coupled with the district's goal of providing

students with meaningful learning experiences, point toward the need to integrate more projectbased learning (PBL) in social studies.

A PBL approach will also support meaningful integration of social studies with other curriculum areas, including literacy, science, the arts and social emotional learning. The school's library or learning commons will be a vital resource, as students delve into texts and online resources in order to build the background knowledge necessary to support their projects.

Flexibility (in terms of product) and choice (in terms of topic) are half to ks of PBL. In addition, in many units designed around PBL, teamwork is a vital part of the results. The PBL structure is best supported by classrooms that are flexible enough to accommodule difference ized groups working on different types of tasks that could result in very difference puts. The distructure flexible, movable seating; ample writable surface, access to technologies for digital production, and spaces that provide acoustic barriers.

## World Languages

There are currently no world languages and the part of the Werwood Public School elementary curriculum. However, adding elementary meight using was a mommendation in the most-recent Foreign Language curriculum review and may be used in the horke.

## Social Emotional Learn

## Open Circle

Elementary classrooms in Westwood implement a comprehensive, research-based social and emotional learning program called Open Circle. The curriculum is designed to develop students' social and emotional skills, such as problem-solving, recognizing and managing emotions, forming good relationships with peers and adults, and considering and understanding the experience of others. The Open Circle program provides a consistent, structured, safe context for exploring these issues while also building a cooperative, inclusive classroom community. In Westwood, teachers typically devote 30 minutes per week for Open Circle discussions (often incorporated into morning meeting activities). Teachers have flexibility within the Open Circle curriculum to choose the grade-level lessons that are most pertinent for their students. For example, in a given-week a teacher might select a particular lesson to address an issue that had arisen within the class or a lesson whose theme connects to literature that students are reading.

Within the Open Circle curriculum, the district has identified 13 essential lessons for each grade level that serve as our anti-bullying curriculum. These lessons include themes such as:

- Including one another
- Showing respect for one another

- Dealing with teasing
- What is bullying?
- What is a bystander?
- Talking to someone who can help

## Same and Different, Like Me

The Same and Different, Like Me curriculum is designed to increase students' understanding and acceptance of differences among peers and to promote an inclusive environment. The program is co-taught by general education classroom teachers and specialists (e.g. school psychologists, learning center teachers, speech and language pathologists, physical education teachers, nurses, occupational therapists). Grade level topics include:

- Kindergarten Disability Awareness
- Grade 1 Physical Disabilities
- Grade 2 Sensory Disabilities Hearing and Seeing
- Grade 3 Cognitive Disabilities
- Grade 4 Specific Learning Disabilities and ADD
- Grade 5 Mental Health and Autism

Teachers assist students in making connections between the lessons in Same and Different, Like Me, the anti-bullying curriculum, and issues discussed during Open Circle.

In addition to the computer-based social and emotional programs described above, the District offers an Extended Day Program located and the Hanlon of Sheehan locations and serving the Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Economic cross.

Eng' anguage Lean. (ELL) S.

#### Current octices

The District ensures that students with limited English language proficiency, English Language Learners, fully access the general education curriculum. English Language Learners participate in the regular classroom where teachers adapt instruction, materials and assessments to make grade level content comprehensible. In addition, ELL teachers promote English language development in a one on one or small group setting. The district provides bilingual translators or interpreters, when needed, to facilitate communication between ELL families and the school. These required services are currently provided in small pull out and in class settings that were not originally designed for this purpose. While services are being provided, space for one on one tutorial, small group instruction and materials prep and storage are not readily available and are often provided in a less than efficient manner.

## Proposed Changes

While the Westwood Public Schools is committed to the provision of ELL services in the general education environment to the largest extent possible and complies with the requirement from DESE that general education core teachers hold the Sheltered English Immersion (SEI) endorsement, there are situations where a student may require smalleroup or pull out 1:1 instruction directly from an ELL teacher. Additionally, ELL teachers often face with parents and translators to provide access and support to meetings, document a other school functions. There is not currently confidential, purpose built space for the E in any of the identified buildings. Provision of such space will allow for students, parent and star be able to meet for instructional and parent engagement purposes that cur take place in confidential or noisy/distracting environments. Provision of dedicat ace for these purpo will allow for effective communication and translation of me s in a low stigma and dis tion free environment.

## E. Teacher Planning

Teacher Planning Spaces and Planning Tim

#### Current Practices

Each elementary tensier by contract meives 45 contecutive minutes of unassigned preparation daily. The unassigned monaration tipe is typically provided when the elementary specialists meet with students.

and PE) are scheduled with the goal of providing common planning Specia ry, co , music grade-level te tim ers an e opportunity for teachers to collaborate with instructional coac and special educa This g which is critical to Westwood's vision of the use of formative data to plan for ruction. dent-centered instructional coaching, and the seamless assessi education, is complicated by the fact that art, music, and PE teachers eneral and spec integration currently shar ice and som hes making it impossible to create this common professional time. Finally, given the r current elementary schools, specialists are often shared across ll size schools, thereby furt aining our ability to schedule effectively and efficiently.

When considering teacher planning, several activities must be considered. These include, but are not limited to:

- Extensive and frequent data meetings throughout the year;
- Special Education Team meetings;
- Consultation with instructional coaches

- Professional Learning Community (PLC) work;
- Spaces to facilitate teacher and student collaboration.

At the Hanlon School, teacher workspace is currently located in the cafeteria where teachers have access to a photocopier, printer, laminator, paper cutter, etc. with a secondary location in small space adjacent to the main office.

## Proposed Changes

Looking to the future, there is a need for well-equipped teacher anning a esource room(s) to support professionals in their work. Specialists require a nts and to work both to meet s with staff. As teachers are encouraged to increasingly u hat they do in the clas m, including the preparation for inquiry-based, individualized in tion, there is a need for spa at allows for and encourages collaboration and full grade level n addition, there am plannin need for private, professional space where equipment such phot ers can be located. Vinally, appropriate dedicated instructional space for art, library, coding, and PE and dedicated space for adults to provide interventio es to students facilitate efficiently scheduling common-planning time for teachers.

## Professional Development P

## Current Practices

Professional development (PD) in the destwood Public schools is designed to support the continuous professional growthered development supports of all paff. Professional development supports the studie development pals and pofessional practice goals of the district, the schools, and the indicated educator.

Professional development in a stwood opes many forms. Every other Wednesday throughout the year, stude oper released eacherd educators participate in two-hour PD sessions. Sessions are designed to all with building cell district goals and strategic priorities.

In addition, the distributed a number of full days to support teachers PD and training. Teachers return to school ach year for two days prior to the students start date, and support staff (instructional assistants, ABA tutors), return one day early. In addition, faculty participate in a full PD day in November.

The scheduling of common planning time at all schools allows grade level colleagues and coaches time for co-planning, data analysis and debriefing of curriculum and instruction.

The District supports teachers' growth by offering an array of free, in-house courses open to all educators. These courses help teachers improve their depth of understanding in content areas, to sharpen pedagogical skills and to provide a safe and welcoming environment for all learners. In 2019-2020, for example, WPS offered 17 courses that enrolled over 150 educators districtwide. Many teachers elect to take multiple courses per year.

The district also runs a comprehensive induction and mentoring program that supports teachers new to Westwood during their first three years.

Finally, the district supports teachers growth by sending individual data are and teams to high quality workshops and courses offered by outside organizations

## Proposed Changes

The Sheehan, Hanlon and Deerfield schools do not relude suprence/meeting spaces that support adult learning. Teachers most often meet with the ather, mentors, specialists and coaches in classrooms, where they gathers and child-sized heriture.

There is a clear need for more adult collaboration space bat will support professional growth as well as day-to-day planning to the Teacher to uning States and tion above for details.

## F. Prekindergarten

There are persons to house the ordisation school program with the new or renovated Hanlon. Element

## G. Kindergarten

Current Prace

Westwood Public Schools, and sfull day Kindergarten.

Proposed Changes

No changes are proposed.

## H. Lunch Programs

## Current Practices

The Westwood Schools Food and Nutrition Services is dedicated to advancing children's health and physical well-being by providing nutritious meals and striving to encourage a lifetime of healthy nutritional choices and habits. The elementary cafeterias offer a variety or healthy lunch options, which typically include a warmed entree, a deli bar choice of ham or turned daily vegan/vegetarian lunches, as well as assorted fresh fruits and vegetables. Upon requerence also offer gluten-free pizza and gluten-free breads. These meals are prepared in the actra were school kitchen and delivered by district staff to the Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheeban Lementary pools each morning, in time for lunch service.

The National School Lunch Program (NSLP) is a fed assisted meal program opera in public and nonprofit private schools and residential child of institution a participant in NSLP, the Westwood Schools must serve lunches that meet requirements and offer the ral lunches at a free or reduced price to elimite children. At o the point of sale, cafeteria staff charge the lunches to the student mea hich is linked secure system that references eligibility for free or reduced price meals. ole meal m ontain a serving of each of eim the following: protein (or protein alternative milk. For the 2019-2020 cain, fru tetables. school year, elementary se ed at s the ve elementary schools, ches are p students purchase app of the elementary student lately meals a` esenting lunches. At the Han eerfield, and ntary Schools, the cafeteria staff deliver three eehan Ele order to acco udent body within the available cafeteria lunch seatings daily hodate the space.

In the Westwood Public schools introduced students to composting l vear, 2020 thr the science cu lum a stalled composting bins in the cafeterias. Bottle fillers have talled where poss terias, in order to encourage students to fill water bottles beel n the dents queue and ess the vcling and composting bins at the end of lunch. They on site. le fillers as need In the kitchens, the Westwood Food and Nutrition Services has access the es to reduc nvironmental impact. These changes include steps to control made other c purchase recyclable and compostable paper products, and to inventory and rec food participate in the Me Area Planning Council's collective purchasing contract for locally grown produce.

Currently, a number of students seek dining alternatives to the cafeteria as high noise levels and long tables with fixed seating do not support the various levels of social/emotional and sensory supports needed in a school setting. This pattern is observed at Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary Schools and is not in line with the district wide plan for meeting students' social and emotional learning needs. The schools have had to allow dining alternatives in order to compensate for the deficiencies in the cafeteria.

## Proposed Changes

The future educational program prioritizes a cafeteria that can accommodate all students for lunch service in two seatings (per MSBA guidelines, serving 50% of the student callation at one time). The cafeteria should allow for the rapid flow of student traffic through the point of sale, as well as consideration for the composting and recycling bins, bottle fillers that the processed by students, sinks for hand washing before/after eating, and a deeper sink for risk peccelar containers.

It is extremely important that the new or renovated provide a should provide a data experience that is flexible at a variety of scales, varied in furniture, an ortive of simultaneous each and play, and inclusive of an acoustically separate yet visually connected dining space adjacent to the effeteria to support all students.

In order to best serve the social and em needs of all stu ts, the District has identified a multizoned cafeteria space as a design priori tion to a mo raditional seating area, smaller ١h. till visual adjoining spaces that are acoustically se ated, nnected, would provide a comfortable alternative environment for stud lated by the larger space, ts who ver-st as well as create opport f to offer c lunc os as part of students' IEPs.

s a multi-f The District envisio ne dining space tion open area that would not only provide a wide variety of seating perience use at lunc ne but also to serve as a project space or collaboration destination ng times. In addition, the dining area could rch se la " with serve a nected stage a ting for performances, both large and small, thro at the year.

feteria staff can b ite iso from instructional staff and students during the hours Schoo before an er lunch. In orde create a healthier climate and entice students to try new foods, the d rethink the p meter walls of the kitchen to allow natural light and/or views of the design team which the cafeteria is occupied by students even outside of lunch food prep statio a scena seating times, the b da ween the kitchen and cafeteria space is all the more significant and e student curiosity and foster authentic learning experiences connected can be planned to enco to food and nutrition. This can be particularly relevant for Summer Enrichment and Extended Day programs held at the school. For example, these programs could benefit from a snack bar that opens to the kitchen.

Lastly, and especially in a consolidated design enrollment scenario, the kitchen should be designed with just enough square footage to provide flexibility, so that the district can incorporate a stove and

allow more food preparation on site if so desired. None of the Westwood elementary schools currently have full-service kitchens. However, the key constraints preventing them from operating in this way are 1) staffing 2) square footage in the kitchen and 3) lack of a stove. The district would want to design a kitchen with sufficient square footage to equip as a full service kitchen if needed. There are also space needs associated with composting, recycling, and waste reduction. Specifically, there is an expanded need for stowing and cleaning of large bins, trays, or serving platters.

## I. Technology Policies/Program Requirements

## Current Practices

Westwood's Vision for Instructional Technology states

## Technology facilitates learning that is challenging, engaging, and effective.

To accomplish this vision, the district has invested in a robust infrastructure that includes a stateof-the-art wireless/wired network, access to high quality learning applications, and a sufficient number of devices to allow students anywhere, anytime access to digital resources.

Westwood's technology infrastructure is complemented by the District's investment in Instructional Technology Coaches (ITC's). Currently the district has 3.0 FTE elementary ITC's, 1.0 middle school ITC, and 1.2 high school ITC's. The elementary ITC's support staff in more than one school, allocating their time in a way that is approximately proportional to the enrollment at each school (i.e. ITC's spend slightly more time at larger schools than smaller schools). Starting in the 2017 -2018 school year, the elementary ITC's took on the additional responsibility of teaching the weekly 3rd grade coding special. When not teaching coding, Westwood's ITC's provide teachers with support integrating technology in the curriculum in a number of ways including individual coaching, coteaching, traditional workshops, and district-sponsored professional development courses. Research shows that the most effective professional learning is intensive, ongoing, focused on the classroom, and occurs during the teacher's workday - a model that fits in perfectly with the role of an ITC. The ITC can be thought of as a person offering job-embedded PD and coaching as a scaffold for ongoing support and growth that allows teachers an opportunity for low-risk practice and lots of feedback.

The Westwood Public School's <u>Guiding Principles for Instructional Technology</u> was developed in 2016. This document augments existing curricula, standards, and district priorities and provides a roadmap for how technology can support, enhance, and transform existing practices. The *Guiding Principles for Instructional Technology* serves as the basis by which the Technology Department prioritizes its work. Contained within this document are five main goals:

- Engaging and Empowering Learning Experiences
- Provide Meaningful and Relevant Professional Development for Staff
- Participating Responsibly in a Digital World
- Partnering with Families and Community
- Providing Reliable, High Quality Resources

The complete *Guiding Principles for Instructional Technology* is included as an appendix to this document.

As mentioned earlier, Westwood provides a sufficient number of devices to allow students anywhere, anytime access to digital resources. This is accomplished via the District's 1-1 Chromebook program serving all students in grades 3 - 12. In grades 3, 4, and 5 a set of Chromebooks is provided in each classroom. Starting in grade 6, students are assigned a Chromebook to use both in school and out of school. In grades K and 1, each classroom has a set of 6 iPads. In grade 2, students have access to a shared cart of touchscreen Chromebooks, a technology choice that has proved to be a good transition from the iPad in first grade to a traditional non-touch Chromebook in grade 3.

In addition to student devices, all classrooms have a ceiling mounted projector and document camera. Most classrooms also have a set of portable speakers. The district is piloting the use of Apple TV's in the classroom to allow for wireless streaming of content to the projector - teachers have responded quite favorably to this new technology. The District has adopted interactive whiteboard technology on a very limited basis.

The District supports families with limited/no internet access at home by providing Kajeet hotspots as needed. These hotspots can be configured to limit data usage and have filtering capabilities that can be used in addition to those that are integrated with our Chromebooks.

## Propos Changes

As mentioned, where in this regard, the District is committed to expanding its coding/Learning Lab offerings; the physical design where building will play a significant role in these efforts. Currently, coding is taught in where the assroom or general space is available as opposed to space that is designed to support instructional goals. Coding teachers must modify instruction to allow lessons to be delivered off a mobile cart. Most Learning Lab activities are scheduled within libraries, and librarians do not have adequate storage or break out spaces needed to allow the creation of larger scale projects or projects that require a separate space dedicated to group work.

The Hanlon building project will open up possibilities to use technology in new, innovative ways, primarily through the acquisition of modular furniture that will foster student centered

collaboration, audio/visual systems that facilitate the seamless integration of technology, and learning spaces that can support exploratory learning as well as the creation of digital artifacts (e.g. green screen room).

## J. Media Center/Library

## Current Practices

The libraries at Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary Scrups are to be during normal school hours. Elementary school library teachers meet with each orde level class an weekly basis for 45 minutes.

es active, a The Westwood Public Schools library program enco entic learning vit helping students become resourceful, innovative, informationants of the world community. te p The libraries are the information accessbub of the school ving to provide students with the knowledge, skills, and resources which ome independent critical readers ower them to and thinkers able to effectively and resp hare information. The library sibry uire, use, a s they in program also seeks to support teachers and ministra ment the curriculum and its goals. Elementary school Ji achers me ith e vel ch s on a weekly basis for 45 minutes. Additionally, sh-in" to pplicable to provide more rians oms wh oom teachers. interdisciplinary, coing opportu es with cl

For the past several ye makerspace-type "Learning Lab" lessons. the uppor ig, hands-or that help develop their problem solving and Students ngage desig year, twood's librarians are collaborating with instructional technology king skills s to support the CO nsion ding into grades 4 and 5, through the introduction of applied ojects that are int ted w be library curriculum or other core curriculum areas (e.g., codin ut the Dewey dea al system by designing and programming a robot that can deliver a learning lar location). book to a pa

Westwood Public Scenals Line y Teachers:

- enable and encourage students and staff to develop an appreciation for reading and lifelong learning.
- support and foster student mastery of information in visual, digital, textual and technological literacies across the curriculum.
- provide a rigorous instructional program to teach students how to find and evaluate information; understand and use multiple resources, technologies and formats;

create new learning; share what they know, and use resources and materials in an ethical manner.

- provide a collaborative environment that stimulates and fosters intellectual exploration and active learning.
- provide equitable access to resources that support a variety of learning styles and represent a diverse range of experiences and perspectives.
- serve as the school's information resource person for students and staff.
- collaborate with colleagues to create lessons, resources of activities that support curriculum and embed information fluency skills, enouge that students meet CCSS, AASL (American Association of School Libraries).
   ASSociation), and Westwood Public School standards.
- assess and adjust programs to support say and district initial is and best practices.
- design Learning Lab/Makerspace exceptences to promote innovation, wative thinking, perseverance, collaboration, and self-drive exploration. Design excepts can be integrated into the curriculum, relevance exceptence exceptions, or encourage students to engage in complex problem solver uses while making real world connections.
- create unique programmin, to mean dividual schart needs, e.g. author visits, poetry slams, <u>book</u> groups.

## Proposed Changes

The District desires educational facilities that provide indice that is both functionally appropriate and flexible to support best human procession students. The District continues to explore the functional and and is experimenting with the makerspace mode

# The Depict envisions a schemibbrary of this more of a learning commons, a reimagined, multi-use space in provimity to general to cation classrooms, STEAM, coding, makerspace locations and art to allow for more roject-based, it prodisciplinary work individually and in small groups.

The Library/Media unter is previous to be the hub of the school - a "Curiosity Commons" where students (and potential under learners within the community) engage in 3 stages of ideation:

- *Expand literacy and curiosity* browse and find new ideas through print and digital resources, participate in small performances or reader's theater, talk with an author or local expert, engage in book groups, etc.
- *Question, prototype, and experiment* use technology, consumables, manipulatives; bring new ideas to life, construct meaning, experience joy and seek deeper questions

by developing mini projects or prototypes with adult guidance, conduct science experiments, make real-world connections, etc.

• *Present, communicate, and display learning* – use white board spaces and tack boards for pin-up presentations and feedback, display artwork in a curated gallery, hold grade-level morning meetings, share work with parents and fellow peers.

d to, the following:

The Library/Media Center is meant to serve as the hub of activity and exposition, with enough spaces, tools, print and media resources, and technology to support flexibility and excession of learning preferences and teaching methods. The design should strateging positions spaces and resources at hands-reach from grade level clusters to allow users an unobstructed free-flow of curiosity, productivity, and play throughout the day.

The Library/Media Center may feature, but is not k

- Mobile shelving for book collections
- Spaces for student or advertated exhibition
- Collaborative tables
- Agile and flexible furnishin
- Variety of soft seating
- Private and in pooks
- Spaces parate to groups to the creading
- Mer space for grows and learners of all ages
- Digits and physical in allations that howcase projects, arts, scientific endeavors, communicated science local his by, etc.

priety of the style robus

## K. Visual Arts Program

## Current Pract

Elementary students Washed Public Schools receive art instruction for 45 minutes per week in a 5-day cycle. At the Hand School, art is currently held in the same room as music, which is also part of the backstage area adjacent to the gymnasium. With no handicap accessibility to the stage, the location of art must be relocated at times when students cannot access the space. A similar situation occurs at the Deerfield School, where art is held in a former gym locker room with no handicap accessibility. Hanlon and Deerfield Elementary School share the same art teacher. The Sheehan School does have a dedicated art room. The elementary art program provides an environment in which students develop the skills and capacity to create, respond and communicate through the unique language of the visual arts. The District's art teachers nurture imaginative thinkers and inventive problem-solvers. The Art Department is committed to delivering an educational program that nurtures self-expression and self-exploration and that provides opportunities to experience the ways that art can enrich one's experience in an increasingly visual world.

The elementary art curriculum is part of a comprehensive K-1 ual Art curriculum that complements the MA Curriculum Framework for the Visual Arts. ats and principles of art are taught in a sequential and spiraling curriculum, with progressive and complexity added isifi in successive years. Additional key areas of focus include P cesses and Sk Observation, Illusion, Invention, and Abstraction; and Art History, Appreci and Connection Throughout the curriculum, students are taught how to talk and writ ut art and how to evalu what they see. At even the youngest of grades, students are end ged to make connections to th wn world. think critically, solve visual problems, work cooperate and find in the arts. The riculum provides flexibility to the teachers, allowing them the free roach lessons in their own way, using the media and subject matter t they feel are m ppropriate and engaging for their students. This keeps the material fresh, relevant.

Elementary art teachers make connections tudent disciplines, for example g in d ilding literacy through visual through the reinforcem concepts ymme storytelling, the use point for al studies topics, and the development of the . as an en creative problem-s ering and design. g process nec ary for eng

#### Propos

A number renovated facility could in the a dedicated space to support the level of robust visual arts instruction desired in the estrict.

The addition a uppart classroor would support a true "art studio" environment for the teaching of artistic behaviors, using student the ability to experience more mediums, such as clay and other materials that would uppart uddents' artistic expression. Students would also be able to work on more long-range project up there would be a space to hold work in process.

In a new or renovated school, the art classroom would be connected to the media center, allowing art instruction and creation to spill out into the media center where access to technology, various media, and other resources can support the curriculum and provide dedicated, public space to display student work and celebrate students' creativity. Additional display and gallery space can be provided in the lobby and extended learning areas providing opportunities to honor and display student work.

In either design enrollment, students would continue to receive art instruction once a week for 45 minutes per 5-day cycle.

## L. Music and Performing Arts Programs

## Current Practices

The goal of the performing arts program is to provide opportunities for students to explore the various areas of the arts, while at the same time developing skills related to life-long learning. The elementary performing arts curricula is aligned to the Curriculum Frameworks and guided by the mission statement of the Westwood Performing Arts Department.

Elementary Music Goals:

- Sing and play instruments, learn a merts of ftraditional, it's, patriotic and other songs and pieces
- Move to music, explanative and startured.
- Read music, using a sicilar on a skills leave music classication
- Listen to my explore the pose and pression and composers of a variety of musical styles
- Create original sic in smaller d large group.
- This bout, evalue a second about the performance, style and expression
- constructions between music with other orts and/or other curriculum subjects
- articipate in erforn ses," in class, or in other school and public venues

#### Elemental

Drama

Goals:

- Develop municati kills
- Increase con new public presentations
- Develop skills of that interaction
- Clarify student identity
- Explore limits and boundaries of human behavior in safe/supervised environment
- Explore and learn a range of possible behaviors within life experiences and to build upon these experiences to promote personal and social learning within the context of drama
- Reflect/analyze human behaviors; personality types and life situations within the context of drama

- Promote creativity by utilizing thinking, feeling and the body in solutions to problems in communication
- Develop drama skills
- Develop teamwork to accomplish common goals
- Integrate students' understanding and knowledge of drama with the study of other academic disciplines

Westwod's elementary performing arts programming is delivered using collowing schedule:



In addition, with performance the center of the national and state arts standards, the many concerts and plays throughout are an integral part of the elementary program. Elementary students across all the schools in destwood have multiple opportunities for performance. In the fall, the 5th graders prepare for, and perform in December for their winter concert, which includes band, jazz band and chorus. In the spring, grade 3 students perform in their first ensemble at their recorder concert. Grade 4 and grade 5 band students also perform in the spring at their spring concert, combining with other students across the district. In addition, students participate in school plays, talent shows, and ceremonies. Each of these performances typically involves between 40 and 70 performers. Audience sizes range from 80 to 350 audience members. (One concert that combines performers from multiple elementary schools draws an audience of about 450 people, and is performed in the high school auditorium to accommodate the larger size.)

## Proposed Changes

At the Hanlon School, music currently shares the same room as art, which is technically part of the stage adjacent to the gymnasium. With no handicap accessibility to the music classes must be relocated at times when students cannot access the space. In addition structional space for band (chairs, music stands whiteboard, instruments, etc.) has to be se broken down in the gym weekly in order to accommodate art classes. At Deerfield, mus cious locations, sharing neld 1 space with PE and art. The Sheehan School has music ins tion on the st inside the cafeteria. The space sharing of music impacts scheduling and limit delivery of a flexible amic curriculum due to lack of dedicated instructional, movement, ar rage space.

Under any enrollment option, the District seeks to non-tain its and of performing arts or ogram, supported by a dedicated music room, music storage, a demerformance space outfitted with appropriate theatrical lighting and the equipment mable of accommodating current performances.

The District envisions the cafeteria as a dynamic open structure pable or opporting the current level of performing arts produced and difficult of discussions space, and safeteria's relationship with the music room, stage, are easily lobby would further apport this performing arts experience.

All three design en ents wou iclude a deo ted space to support the level of robust performing arts instruct ents would continue receiving the same rict. ro action as curre amount otted in a dedicated classroom that supports drama ovement a rformance, instrumental performance, and reading and writing singi amat nal and iconic mu band and chorus program would also continue. Such a robust tra otatio ould need the fo progra ing:

- a large classroo with open area for movement activities
- ral risers
- tab. desks written work
- ample for instruments and movement/game supplies
- audio/visual capabilities
- whiteboards (both with music staff and plain)
- a sink for cleaning wind instruments
- open floor/rug space for gathering and movement activities
- storage space at student height to support independence in supply gathering

## M. Physical Education Programs

## Current Practices

Currently Westwood Public Schools elementary students receive PE or Adaptive PE for 45 minutes once per week in a 5-day cycle, plus an additional 45-minute class in Kindergarten and half of their grade 1 year.

The Westwood elementary physical education program is designed teach students movement concepts and motor skills that provide a solid foundation for characteristic healthy and active lives. Developmentally appropriate skills and concepts are taught and ample of a studies are provided over time to learn and practice skills in an enjoyable and supportive environment. The Physical Education program is comprised of the following fouriers of study:

<u>Educational Games</u>: The approach in an Equational Game model is to prove many opportunities for students to practice skills in a conversion and "traditional rules" are altered to accommodate the locating experience. Locational Games are further broken down into four different classifications from the play:

- Movement Games- to prove oppositives for chosen to practice skills within a game setting and reinforce base skills an expets.
- Net and the same includes straing us such a leying with body parts and/or equipment.
- Bat and Fielding games- to prove opportunities to strike, throw, and catch.
- Target games- send object/ball towards a target.

vmna Educational astics provides unique opportunities and allenges for ldren pecome proficient movers. Educational Gymnastics promotes flexibility, muscula endurance. Moreover, it provides opportunities for children ength ement, problem solve, be creative, and move from simple express themselve rough plex movement Students develop gymnastics sequences that consist of these basic tð ts in Educatio Gymnastics: move

- The ling- weight cransferring from one body to another
- Rotat
- Suspense hanging
- Flight- loss of contact with the supporting surface
- Balance- Position of stillness

<u>Educational Dance</u>: Educational Dance also provides wonderful opportunities for children to improve their muscular strength and endurance, cardio-vascular endurance, and flexibility. It

provides students with opportunities to express themselves through movement, problem solve, be creative, and move from simple to complex movements.

<u>Educational Fitness</u>: It is the philosophy of the Westwood Public Schools to integrate fitness concepts, skills, and principles into all activities and lessons. The ultimate purpose of physical education is to guide children into being physically active for a lifetime. Therefore, we have developed Fitness units K-5 that specifically focus on this aspect of children's development. The emphasis of this unit of study is to help students under and what it means to be physically fit, the benefits of regular exercise, and how the can get physically fit within physical education and outside of school.

<u>Social Skills:</u> Cooperative and social skills are incremented and known throughout the curriculum. When students leave elementary and ol, they understand which it takes to be a good sport and teammate and have an accuration for the satisfaction the results from involvement in physical activity.

anlon Elementary and Deerfield Presently, there are part-time physical er sation (PE) teache Schools and a full time teacher at the S School. In ad n, adaptive physical education classes are taught at Deerfield by a contract vider. All t schools have a gymnasium, rvic however the space is shared as needed with ier pros includin usic. At all three schools, PE is taught outside from a er through /emb March through the end of the year, weather permittin

#### Proposed Changes

In Normaler, the discut launch of a K-12 review of Wellness Curriculum, which includes Physical Eduction. Although the eview (constanted, the District anticipates that recommendations will supply the expansion the element of program to include more explicit focus on SEL and develops trially appropriate collness topics (e.g., nutrition).

All three enrolling it options would include a dedicated gymnasium to support physical education instruction and an undition wave dedicated to support Adaptive PE (further described in the Special Education sub-sector below). Students would continue to receive PE instruction 45 minutes per week in a 5-day cycle and an additional period of PE in Kindergarten and half of grade 1. In a consolidated option, the District has directed the design team to plan for two full-time PE teachers.

## N. Special Education Programs

The Westwood Public Schools adheres to the federal and state laws that guarantee the rights of all students access to the general education curriculum. The philosophy of the Westwood Public Schools is to embrace the inclusion of students with disabilities in all aspects of the life of the school and the general education environment to the fullest extent possible. This approach is actualized via significant investment over many years in the development of a brood spectrum of in-district programming, represented by the schematic below:



duk te 99% of students in the district. The very This range rammin vices is a student population, of students who are educated in out-of-district small 1% of er (les pla nts is indicativ the s ss of this approach. The district has been twice awarded the Nati Blue Ribbon Scho esigna (Westwood High School and Downey Elementary School) as the positive outco s for all dents in these locations. Similarly, a very high graduation eviden ve college and eer outcome measures indicate that students with and without rate and p comprehens programming in the Westwood Public Schools. disabilities rec

Special education set of the provided to eligible students and are designed to remediate deficit areas, support the development of new skills, and allow students to gain the skills to access the general education curriculum in the least restrictive environment possible. The services and staffing available at Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary Schools are allocated annually based on the service delivery needs identified on the Individualized Education Plans (IEPs) of the special education population being served. Currently, the Hanlon Elementary School serves 39 students with documented special needs. Deerfield Elementary serves 44 students, and Sheehan Elementary serves 74 students. The services offered at each specific school are outlined below.
#### Current Programs & Services

### Hanlon

Elementary

Program	Number of Rooms	Students Per Class	Total Sturents	Number of FTE Faculty/Staff
Learning Center	1	3-5		1.0
Resource Room	1	2-4	12	1.0
Occupational Therapy	Shared space	1-3	9	55
Speech	Shared space	1-3	21	.5
Deerfield Elementary				·•

Program	Number of	tudent <del>s</del> ss	Total Scients	Number of FTE Faculty/Staff
Learning Concer	1	3-5	14	1.0
Resource Ro	1	2-4	15	1.0
gram			5	1.0
Occupationa. Therapy	Short d space	1-3	17	.5
vsical Therapy	ared Spille	1:1	4	.3
Spec		1-3	26	1.0

Sheehan Elementary

Program Number of Students Per Rooms Class	Total Students	Number of FTE Faculty/Staff
--	----------------	--------------------------------

Learning Center	2	11/9	22	2.0
Resource Room	1	9	9	1.0
Language-based Classroom	1	8	8	1.0
STAR	1	9	9	1.0
Occupational Therapy	1	1-3	18	.5
Physical Therapy	Shared space	1:1		.1 (district)
Speech	1	1-3	22	1.0
ABA/BCBA	Shared space	1-2		

#### Program Models

Learning Center Program - All Elemetary S

model have mild to moderate Students receiving through Lea not limite specific leaning disabilities, developmental learning need uding a delays, and ealth impair nts. They y support students in the general education ultation mo Learning Center teachers provide specialized classroom an through a g instruction in a rang sluding r ing, language arts, mathematics, academic studies) as well as study and organizational urricult s (science chers collaborate closely with classroom teachers and related s. Lean enter service provider mprehensive, integrated services for children. levelo

s K-5

hereion: The mission whe program is to directly teach foundation skills as well as provide lean as strategies to herestudents compensate for area(s) of disability while working towards grade here's standards milditional components of this teaching model includes assisting students in understanding their own strengths and weaknesses as learners and developing key self advocances in their learning environment.

Curriculum: Students who receive support through the Learning Center access the grade level general education curriculum through direct skill based instruction, accommodations and some modifications. Learning Center teachers may use specially designed instructional materials.

Staffing: There is a special education teacher (MADESE certified) fulfilling this role at each of the 5 elementary schools with instructional assistant support, as needed.

#### Resource Room - All Elementary Schools K-5

Students receiving supports through the Resource Room model at the elementary level have moderate learning needs including but not limited to specific le disabilities, developmental delays, health impairments, sensory impairp autism spectrum disorders, and neurological disabilities. Resource Room staff suppr in separate special education settings using replacement specialized currice m. This target reading, language arts, including writing, mathematics, and emic support. ents may be supported through direct, small group special struction, and/or thre consultation model to general education teachers. The its may also be supported w the general education setting to generalize skills ource Roop achers collabora oselv with classroom teachers, therapists and other s velop comprehensiv lists integrated services for children.

Mission: The mission of the progra is to h foundatio Ils in order to make effective progress in key educational areas. rade level benchmarks king towa ents àr through modified c ois teac ng model includes um. Addition compo aknesses as learners and assisting studen ding the engths a ande developing k f-advocacy ls in their ning environment.

Curriculum: Standats who reacted support through the Resource Room benefit from the use of semialized replacement arriculation is pecked y designed instruction.

Caffing: Special of Ucation of acher (MADESE certified) and instructional assistant support, as needed. Related Supres are invided based on a student's unique IEP needs.

#### Language sed Lear Disability Program - Sheehan Elementary School

Students, grade 5, receiving supports through the language based class are primarily identified with Specific Learning Disabilities and/or Communication disorders. Given direct specialized instruction and with strategies and/or modifications embedded throughout the day, students are working towards meeting grade level benchmarks. Students recommended for this program may require a percentage of their time within a substantially separate language based program in order to make effective progress. This highly structured, language based program provides intensive specially designed instruction that is individualized based

on student needs during ELA and Math. At the same time, students access the general education grade level content through preview/review of concepts, modified material and additional adult support. Providing each child with many opportunities for success academically, socially, and emotionally are essential components to this developmental program. In order to ensure this success, children are grouped academically according to their strengths and areas of need as well as their grade level.

Mission: The mission of the program is to address students' provide needs by providing a comprehensive range of services and a consistent, structure and nurturing environment throughout the school day. Children become immersation include utilizing specialized methodologies across all curriculum areas including reacting, math, unnce and social studies. Developing decoding skills, expanding vocabular and increasing comprehension skills are priorities as students gain academic success.

ntial, multi-sensory instruction Curriculum: Specific specialized methodologies zing are used to teach children to decode and compreh guage. The curriculum also utilizes specialized math and writing ms to augme r support the general education neeting gra curriculum. Students are working OW level benchmarks given direct specialized instruction and with str odificat embedded throughout the gies and day. Additionally, as technology afused ne curriculum. ireas

Staffing: Specific ducation Tenner (MADE certified) and instructional assistant support, as needed. Read Services are vided base on a student's unique IEP needs.

#### Elementary School

Students in the Four program require intensive, direct, specialized instruction and related vices for the major of the school day. This may include academic periods, adaptive daily liver skills (ADLs), and on-academic periods. The Focus Program is fully accessible for student who require invironmental accommodations, modifications, and/or medical monitorin

The methodologicand/or supports may include: Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA), direct teaching, small group functional academics, communication skills, daily living skills, orientation and mobility, functional vision use, and highly specialized assistive technology. Integrated approaches are utilized to assure medical, orthopedic, and augmentative communication techniques are cohesively adjusted for optimal student learning. Inclusive opportunities, through reverse inclusion and purposeful participation within general education environments allow students to be a part of the school community.

based instructional opportunities may be available for generalization of skills such as socialization, community awareness and exposure, functional mobility, and safety skills. Students may be diagnosed with a variety of intensive disabilities and present with primary, secondary and tertiary disabilities that interact with each other in highly individualized presentations. Integration of medical management, outside agencies and institutions (hospitals/respite centers) and medical/neurological/psychological case management organizations are part of the programming model, if needed.

Mission: The mission for the students in the Focus program is a schieve their highest learning potential and level of independence given appropriate super to the small, highly structured environment enables students to make individual progrem, access a modified curriculum, and generalize their specific therapeutic goals. Priority and areas for many on us students include communication, functional academics, and independence.

Curriculum: Students are instructed in the cusachusetts for meworks and Compon Core standards through access and entry level skin All scients have highly individualized educational programs and all of the curriculum and it is specialized and/or modified. Assessments are highly individuant and many stude coarticipate in the MCAS Alternative portfolio for statewide testing.

Staffing: Special ed teacher ( DESE 0 bination of instructional ad a d assistants and A eeded. A tified Be Analyst (BCBA) consults with tors, the program allary servic rom relat ervice providers are included on the students' teams base the unique n s of the stu nt.

<u>STAP Program (Str. si zrapeus, fonis, kesponse)</u> - Sheehan Elementary School

cudents in the R pros may demonstrate needs associated with significant emotional, behavioral, and a emic enges that may prohibit them from accessing classroom ay democrate needs for intensive special education services and ciculum. Student. ch and/or therape support. Most students in the STAR program require their special services to b elivered in a highly individualized manner and/or within a small educa general education setting. All students have an individual behavior group an tside of support plan ddress challenging behaviors and lagging skills. The BSP is integrated vusing a positive behavior support philosophy. throughout the

The purpose of the program is to address the emotional, behavioral and learning needs of students and teach skills to cope with personal challenges in order to attain emotional health, social skills and behavioral control. The core of this program includes a daily "community" meeting, which is led by the school psychologist and/or special educator, and designed to teach and reinforce social and emotional strategies. Significant emphasis is placed on

identifying and utilizing coping strategies in order to access learning. Students are connected to a grade level general education class and included, with appropriate support, in snack, lunch, recess, specials and content activities.

Ultimately, the mission of the program is to help students maximize their school functioning and gain strategies to manage or ameliorate their significant emotional needs.

Curriculum: Students work towards grade level benchmarks and accommodations and modifications as needed. Specialized content, instruction a performance criteria are provided on an individualized basis. Daily community with an exclivities and social skills instruction is provided for all students in the program. Weekly counting is available.

Staffing: A special education teacher (with Manufé certification) and Manufas specialized training in behavior management and social also curriculum, instructional constants and a school psychologist. A Board Certified Behavior Analyst (PDRA) consults to temprogram. Related Services are provided based on a stude support needs.

#### Westwood Applied Behavior Analy (W. Program - D. ey Elementary School

Westy Students receiving at all levels (K12) require s through progra almost all of their instruction intensive behave and nunicatio s and re fuction. Students referred to the program have through the odology of rete trial a diagnosis **Autism Spectry** Disorder () but may also be diagnosed with co-existing lth disal neurological of

utilize an inclusion based intensive approach to Applied Behavior als in nalysis (ABA) uction services include a combination of supported inclusion, discrete trial sessions, sma oup a es and incidental teaching strategies. The program is based the principles of or Analysis (ABA) and Positive Behavior Supports with a lied Be fo on the use of i vidualized Behavior Support Plans (BSP) incorporating strategies unctional cor unication training and positive reinforcement systems. includ

Mission: The poly outdents is to increase their independence skills in all areas including academics, recrupion, social, communication, self-care, motor and behavior management. These skills are approached in a variety of settings to promote generalization.

Curriculum: Curriculum is designed to meet the individual needs of the students using the principles of Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA), which mandates ongoing collection and review of student progress and modifications to teaching procedures that best match the needs of the individual learner. Participation in core curriculum classrooms is determined for each

student individually and often focuses on one academic area at a time with a gradual increase across the school year. Students may be included in the school community for social opportunities such as lunch, electives in order to provide opportunities for students to practice social interactions, communication programs, and recreation skills in more natural situations. The amount of time included for these activities is individualized based on class structure, target goals, and student interest.

Staffing: Special education teacher (with MADESE certification special education and extensive ABA experience and training) and ABA tutors instructional assistants as needed. Educators in the program have extensive exp rking with students with Autism Spectrum Disorders as well as associated disable des. The tutors are trained to work with multiple students in order to accommo that helps students a rotation syst generalize their skills. A Board Certified Beha Analyst consults to th ogram weekly. t's unique IEP needs. Related Services are provided based on a st

#### **Related Services**

#### Physical Therapy Services

Students receive physical therapy prvice upon a license physical Therapist based on the specific service delivery grid of their prividual to Services to pinclude consultation, direct services in the generative cation setting and direct services in a parate/pull out setting.

#### Occupation erapy Service

Students recur occupational perapy service from a licensed Occupational Therapist based on the specific service delivery eitheftheir inductual IEP's. Services may include consultation, dimensionles in the service all education of the services in a separate/pull out

ing.

#### Speech and Langua Service

The pierts receive speet and language therapy services from a licensed Speech and Language The pist based on the pecific service delivery grid of their individual IEP's. Services may include posultation, don't services in the general education setting and direct services in a separate/service services and separate/services and separate/services and separate/services and set

#### Extended School Year (Exp. Programing)

The special education regulations include a requirement for the provision of extended school year (ESY) services during the summer break to respond to the intensity of individual student needs and/or prevent regression. The Westwood Public Schools offers robust summer ESY programming (currently serving 16 programs PreK - 22 spanning 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 weeks). Students who attend the Hanlon, Deerfield and Sheehan schools and requires ESY services must move to a different school location to

access ESY programming due to building constraints, air conditioning/climate control access during the summer months and access to specialized supports and materials during the summer.

#### Adaptive Physical Education

Adaptive Physical Education (APE) is the provision of significantly modified hysical education instruction and experiences to students with disabilities. It is an area of alization for physical education teachers and can also be provided via collaboration betw hysical therapists, general education physical education instructors and consulting APE tea outside agencies. Due to low numbers of students requiring this service, Westwood has h corically ided the service via a mix of outside contractors (typically. from the local education collaborative, or by providing additional professional development to current WPS p al education teachers onsultation from physical therapists.

Currently students at Westwood High School, Thurston dle S Downey Elementary School s in the FOCUS Program) receive (students in the WABA Program), and the Deerfield School APE services, with instruction taking pla gym. The cu gym space at Deerfield is not ADA compliant and an elevator has been llow basic a alle s for students to enter the gym so they may participate in APE. The spa e built fo E and this creates many is not p limitations in programming efficiencies taff tir large adaptive space nd utiliza equipment, limited space quired p g, no APE equipment storage ston and limitations to st travel/activ pathways of these factors combine to limit students' access to the full an of adaptive PE vices.

#### Proposed ch

Under three design a colliment to be FOCUS program would be relocated to the new or renovated builting. The District property s the hand sion of a purposefully built, small adaptive PE instructional space, the sufficient equipment storage reliacent to occupational therapy (OT) and physical therapy (PT) space.

#### **Collaboratives**

The Westwood Public Schools is a member of the TEC Collaborative and also participates in other collaboratives as a non-member community. The TEC collaborative is a key District partner, providing programming for specific students in their collaborative programs (Preschool - Highschool levels) as well as substantial professional development offerings for WPS staff and administration. In addition,

the Westwood Public Schools Superintendent serves on the TEC Collaborative Board and the Westwood Public Schools Director of Student Services serves on the TEC Collaborative Special Education Directors guidance committee. Finally, the Westwood High School hosts a dedicated TEC Collaborative classroom which provides programming for students (grades 9-12) from multiple surrounding communities in the context of Westwood High School. This classroom was purpose built during the construction of the Westwood High School building and has been a component of the High School community for the last decade.

#### **Community Partners**

The Westwood Public Schools works closely with multiple community partners to provide access to additional services:

Westwood collaborates with local Early Intervention Providers to insure a seamless transition from early intervention services into the Westwood Integrated Preschool Program for students who are eligible for special education services. This program provides opportunities for inclusion of preschool children.

The Westwood Public Schools has active and creative partnerships with public and private agencies to facilitate our students' transition to adult services. Agency liaisons from the Department of Mental Health (DMH), the Department of Public Health (DPH), the Department of Developmental Services (DDS), and the Massachusetts Rehabilitation Commission (MRC) are frequent and welcome collaborators as we plan for students' successful transition to adulthood.

The Westwood Public Schools collaborates with the Westwood Commission on Disability. The Commission on Disability works on issues of great importance to Town residents with disabilities and their families. These include housing, transportation, physical access and emergency planning. They also present 'Caring for the Caregiver' events to support families.

The William James College INTERFACE Referral Service, available to all Westwood residents, connects children, adults, and families, with mental health and wellness resources.

Westwood Youth and Family Services is a municipally-funded agency that provides clinical and supportive services for children ages four through eighteen.

#### **Deficiencies in the Existing Program**

All three schools identified in the potential project require significant improvement in the physical space for the provision of occupational therapy, physical therapy, and speech and language therapy services. While services are being provided in compliance with student IEPs in all settings, significant improvements in the amount and quality of space for staff offices, student treatment, and staff/parent consultation is needed.

Most classrooms are too small and limited in breakout space in order to support push-in services. The Learning Center and Resource Room houses 7-9 staff members at the e, and there is no way to subdivide the space for student groups, making it difficult to proper the vice students. There is also no sensory room at Hanlon for students who might be having a variable challenge.

Currently, at the Hanlon School, support services (ELL, OT lath Support, a iteracy Support) all share one room, which provides scheduling limits, avel distances for k dents receiving supports, and limited privacy and/or quiet space f erventions, testing, etc. Add ally, there is no designated space for OT/PT equipment so service en happens hallways. Speech f and the school psychologist share a space that is connected to Heal lice. The room is too small for groups larger than 4, and confidentiality is often comp a as a result of the layout. The psychologist and speech staff have to the oise cancelling chines when they make telephone calls to preserve confidentiality.

#### Proposed Changes

A new or renovated ility will supp dedicated s e for student services and Special Education ioning c ms used for t delivery of services to students throughout and a more effective p ogram is to create instructional spaces for the school District's nal ed into, or adjoining grade level classrooms whenever possible. special are d Wh equired, they should be physically distributed throughout the barate pull o aces bui

Specific span requirements one new or renovated facility include varied areas appropriate for occupational mapy including mall motor tabletop activities, sensory activities, and apparatus. Separate pullout modes for providers that draw students from multiple classrooms, or that require additional activities aration and/or privacy in order to most effectively deliver their services, are necessary as well.

In addition, a new or renovated facility will provide specially designed spaces that are ADA compliant and employ Universal Design architectural features to be accessed by the students who most require these supports. As such, the District proposes changes in the location of some specialized districtwide special education programs: In all design enrollments, the Focus program (currently housed at Deerfield) would relocate to the Hanlon School. The Focus Program (see description of program on page \_\_\_\_) serves students who are medically fragile or have intensive disabilities. This move would ensure that these students experience continuity of school location for Kindergarten - grade 5. This would also allow for the significant ADA investments and Universal Design architectural features of a newly built building to be accessed by the students who most require these supports.

Similarly, in a consolidated Hanlon/Deerfield, the District and propose moving the Westwood Applied Behavioral Analysis (WABA) program to the new building. This would enable for the significant ADA investments and University States and University States and the support of a newly built building to be accessed by students who move equire to be supports.

In a consolidated Hanlon/Sheehan, the STAR and and the Language based Classroom (both currently located at Sheehan) would represent to the consolidated building.

Finally, all three design enrollments would allow for an increase in the capacity of the re-designed school to host Extended School Year (ESY) programming in an accessible, climate controlled and less restrictive setting. The district would likely move all K-5 EST paramming to the newly designed school locations to maximize access for all students and maintain continuity of schooling for students with the most significant disabilities.

#### O. Counseling/School Psychologis

#### Current Practices

Counseling services are provided at the elementary level by a licensed School Psychologist. Current staff includes 1.0 FTE at Sheehan, 1.0 FTE at Deerfield, and .8 TTE at Hanlon. Counseling services are provided for students whose IEP goals center around emotional adjustment concerns. In addition, psy ogists help childre. crisis, ist with making students feel safe and comfortable at school, s betw and st then communica the school and home. The psychologist, with parental dministers educa nal and related testing as required by regulations. Each identified permissio elementary school has a school psychologist who works with teachers, parents and students to teach respect, responsibility, and conflict resolution. The psychologist supports the school community by working with small groups of students to facilitate friendships and assist with social and emotional issues.

#### Proposed Changes

The design of purpose built, sound-proof and well designed counseling spaces (both professional office and meeting room/spaces) in the new or renovated building will allow school psychologists to meet individually and in groups with students in a low stigma manner, participate in phone

conversations with outside providers and parents confidentially, and greatly increase the efficiency of supports that can be provided to students in the elementary buildings identified. The District envisions school psychologists being key members of the multidisciplinary team and being able to work with students in office settings, in-class rooms and in small group settings throughout the building. Psychologists will be able to work in a manner that supports confidentiality and create a calm, supportive environment that allows children to build trust and communicate about their concerns to a key adult in a developmentally appropriate manner.

## P. Health Services

#### Current Practices

Westwood Public Schools Health Services are provided during regular school hours by Registered Nurses under the supervision of the school physician. Each elementary school has a full-time nurse The mission of Health Services is to promote health, safety and wellness so all children can achieve academic success. The nurses are responsible for immunization compliance, health care planning for students with medical needs, educating staff about health care issues affecting student performance, and providing emergency and advisory care to students.

In addition to providing on-simplify and administering the patient of addents during the school day, the nurse actively state to the pair whealth contemporate may addition students, and to guide students and their factors to appropriate health contemporates.

#### Proposed Changes

The p fully designed and noise/sound managed nursing space with on of purp ide d storage, stud est an and nurse work areas that are both calming and confidential will the nurses in the ntified dings to provide the most efficient and effective medical rict envisions the integration of school-based nursing support intervention pos le. The arents and outside providers to maximize student learning. The oformation from supports w v for greater communication, space for parent outreach and newly designe ilding will student health e ditional to traditional nursing tasks, materials and supplies tion management, and m a entry/case management.

## Q. Extended Day Programs

The Westwood Public Schools provides a tuition-based before- and after-school Extended Day Program for children enrolled in the Westwood Public Schools. The program is open every day that

school is in session as well as on selected no-school days for an additional fee. The before-school program begins at 7:30 am. The after school program is open from dismissal to 6:00 pm.

The before-school program exists at all five elementary school sites and serves a relatively small number of children (ranging from 11 students at Deerfield to 67 students at Sheehan) in their home school.

The after-school program serves approximately 450 students and is how three sites, as follows:

Extended Day Site	School Population Served	# of standards enrolled
Hanlon	Hanlon and Downey	
Sheehan	Sheehan	131
Martha Jones	Martha Jones and prfield	151

School buses transport children who a the bool at Down, and Deerfield to their respective Extended Day sites.

The Extended Day Program provides opportu te in a variety of activities es for 🖓 o part such as arts and crafts. ng, and science activities. The group g S á ports. mpleting homework. To do so , the program program also provide reading a et spaces uses a combination edicated Exter d Day spac s well as shared classrooms and public spaces such as the gym, cafe art and r rooms, libra athletic fields, and playgrounds.

three site coordinators. The Director and The Extend Progra Hanlor icated office space of Hanlon that is contained within an Extended r have Day rooms space. n is specially equipped with kitchen appliances and an adjacent class rage room. The nd Sheehan Site Coordinators have office space and storage larg ha Jol also employs approximately 53 part-time staff. eir respective site space a he pros

The classroop office designate for Extended Day at Hanlon has also become a multipurpose breakout space using the schemalay activities such as literacy intervention, science enrichment, class photos, PE/Band/Marc where placed from the gym, etc.

#### Proposed Changes

Based on the design-enrollment and site location of the preferred alternative, the catchment areas and transportation methods associated with the District's Extended Day programs may change. In addition, the program may consolidate from three after school sites to two.

Each of the options explored should include a dedicated office suite for the Extended Day program, located near the building's main administrative offices and appropriate storage for program equipment and supplies.

## **R.** Summer Enrichment Programs

#### Current Practices

Westwood's Summer Enrichment Program provides enriching academic, creative, and movement classes for students K-8 on a tuition basis. Students are able to explore and develop a variety of interests and receive supportive instruction in areas that need to be strengthened. The program is predominantly staffed by experienced Westwood teachers. The program is four weeks long, divided into two week sessions. Each child participates in three classes per day from 8:30 - 12. Each hour long class is followed by a 15 minute break and snack time.

All classes currently take place at Thurston Middle School, as the size of the facility supports the program enrollment. In addition, while the middle school facilities support some programming that cannot be run at any of our elementary schools (e.g., rooms designed for cooking classes, multiple gym spaces), holding the summer program at Thurston has some significant drawbacks. For example, in order to run the K-1 program, appropriately-sized furniture must be transported to the middle school. In addition, Thurston is currently the oldest building in the district, and many rooms do not have air conditioning or HVAC systems that are effective for climate control in the summer. Finally, locating the summer program at Thurston Middle School presents some challenges in the District's summer maintenance schedule.

#### Proposed Change

In a correct access of ling, the provide be sufficient, place to run the elementary Summer Enrice ant Program. The element to program would move to the new or renovated building.

## S. Vocational Education Programs

Hanlon, Deen A and Sheehan ementary Schools offer no vocational educational programs.

## T. Transportation Policies

#### Current Practices

Westwood Schools uses buses to transport students who live beyond the established walking distance from home to school and back in an efficient, safe, and economical manner. Westwood

also provides transportation for academic field trips in direct support of the curriculum, transportation for support of the co-curricular program (athletics, music, drama, and the like), and transportation to Extended Day programming.

Kindergarten and first graders are provided with transportation, even if they live within one mile of school, so long as they complete an application. Students in grades 2-5 who are living, by the most direct route, a distance greater than one mile from school are eligible for transportation. For students in grades 6-8, transportation eligibility is guaranteed for stud who live greater than one and a half miles from school. The only exception to this policy is students who must travel on streets with no sidewalks and/or exceptionally heavy vehi c. Stops are generally chosen with concern for numbers and safety of children involved, and with concern for property of abutters. On occasion, students at any grade le alking zone may ho live within t be accommodated on a bus if they meet the bus at ap ing centralized bus st nd there are 2019-2020 is \$180 per studer extra seats available. The annual transportation fer per day) for all students, grades K-12. There is an annual fam ap of \$450.0 or all students K-

	Walker	Bus Eligi	
Deerfield		1	
Hanlon	137	64	201
Sheehan	111	182	293
Total	277	404	681
	"ker	Rus Eligible	Total
De Id	5%	84%	100%
Hanlon	6	32%	100%
Sheehan	389	62%	100%
Of Total	41	59%	100%

2019-2020 Percentage of Students By But Eligibility Status

\*The tables above exchangestudents who take Special Education vans or students who may have moved from one assignment zone to another and were retained in their original elementary school to avoid a disruptive transition.

In school year 2019-2020, the Hanlon School has been served by one bus, which picks up all students from the neighborhood around the Hanlon School. In addition, one van brings students who are assigned to Hanlon and live at University Station. The Sheehan School is served by five

buses, which traverse a slightly larger geographic area, including some roads that do not allow for corner stops due to lack of sidewalks or heavy vehicular traffic. Finally, the Deerfield School is served by seven buses. One of these buses brings students who are assigned to Deerfield and live at University Station. Others traverse a large geographic area, with fewer centralized stops due to lack of sidewalks or heavy vehicular traffic. The Sheehan and Deerfield buses sometimes have empty seats, but cannot accommodate as many students as the Hanlon bus because of their longer routes or fewer centralized stops. The district tries to keep the average length of ride for elementary students under 35 minutes when possible. Buses that travel to University attion have the longest run between centralized stops.

At each of the Hanlon, Deerfield, and Sheehan Elementary Schools, some provints choose to drive students. However, at Hanlon in particular, many parentary with their students at the school and the gathering of parents and students at the playgroup and become a core element of the Hanlon school community. After school at Hanlon and Sheerer, when a school gym is in use of sports or activities, there can be additional school bus or parents affic to the reaking lot of the school.

The schools, where desired, have designed separate zon an uparent parking and entry points for parent drop-off and pick-up. In some an upall students entry and exit at the same point. At the Hanlon and Sheehan Elementary Schools, are busine kup and drop off is complicated by Extended Day programming before and after-school.

#### Proposed Changes

<u>beeh</u>an Elem The staff at the Hanlon erfield, ry Schools have worked around existing driveways tude walkers, parent pick-up and drop-off, as ntry point DUSE well as and Extended Day, Jck-up and drop-off. The Westwood Schools gramr WO e to renovate signt building for these needs in a more intentional way. Residents of wood have also ha ncern out traffic within the town, in particular on main arteries eet, Pond Street, Gay Str The site access and circulation will need to be designed like Hig to minimize affic impacts to e extent possible. However, crosswalks should be strategically placed and tra will need to b owed for student crossing in the neighborhood of the school.

Finally, it will be implemented consider the number of buses needed when establishing school assignment zones. Deputing on the design enrollment of the building and the districts that it serves, it is possible that the Westwood Schools will see a net increase in the number of buses needed and a corresponding impact on the annual operating budget. For example, Deerfield is currently served by seven buses because the district that it serves cannot be served by centralized stops and this number could increase if the routes get longer. The district also recognizes that any future change to start times of schools can also impact daytime traffic patterns and the number of buses needed.

## **U.** Functional and Spatial Relationships

Building Features and Adjacencies

To be updated following Principal Workshop #2

#### Site Features and Adjacencies

Design alternatives should express the following:

- All playgrounds to be in proximity to grade any classrooms and the cafeteria, this close geographic relationship will help to easily makine the transition from classroom precess, from recess to the cafeteria, and from the cafeter background classroom. Additionally, this relationship will support the capability of outdoor leading opportunities.
- A hardscape play area adjacent to be bunds
- Emergency vehicle access to be conclinated its public sale requirements
- A paved service yard capable of supporting delivery in a wide wiety of vehicles
- Faculty and staff provide an the academic arc and a poliding and capable of doubling as event parking providublic as the of the bulking gym & cafet, (a).
- Dedicated sime culation for the for wing:
  - Pare chicles
    - Buses

0

## Pec, ians Multi-purpose p. field with

field we casonable access from the gymnasium.

Current, peerfield and Shee on have to door gardens and learning spaces that bring the school community outside. While H upon does not have a dedicated outdoor classroom space, the woods adjacent to the upa (Mulvehill on servation Area, Lowell Woods, and Grimm Conservation area) are accessible to studie and transfer for outdoor exploration and learning. The District is committed to providing outdoor community spaces that:

- Provide the school community with an accessible, usable outdoor environment in which members may learn, teach, play, create, or relax.
- Give students a greater awareness and respect for their environment, both locally and globally.
- Provide students with exposure to the complete food cycle, including planting, growing, harvesting, and eating produce, through the composting of food waste.

- Provide an outdoor learning lab for students to experience hands-on STEAM learning through building, tinkering, and experimentation.
- Improve the well-being of every member of our school community by increasing the amount of time spent outside and unplugged.

The proposed project should include the installation of age-appropriate fully accessible playgrounds located near the cafeteria to best facilitate the daily recess / lunch sequence. Additionally, the District would like to provide the following types of outdoor educational based on the ties in either enrollment option:

- Collection, examination, and analysis of soil, water, and pant same
- Offering of artistic and/or informational presentation on amphither exetting
- Planting, maintenance, and harvesting of veget gardens
- Physical education exercise, games, dance, several movement activities
- Exploration of the wetlands on the property potters and be dwalks

#### Current Site Access and Circulation

To be Updated by D+W

Proposed Changes

It is important to note that the second second second will have a significant impact on the parking second second second second second second vehicles, buses, and pedestrians, and the ability provide part and a very access are key goals in the development of the proposed options.

## V. Security and Visual Access Requirements

Current Practices

Safety and security of our students, faculty and staff is paramount. The Westwood Schools believe that equipment, technology, and architectural design must assist in an overall approach to safety and security. In 2018, the Town of Westwood commissioned a comprehensive study of the security needs of the school buildings, including an assessment of existing conditions and a summary of recommendations. The report stressed that an excellent school security program blends the following components:

- People: Competent, compassionate, well-trained teachers, staff, and outside agency partners who understand the school and town culture and are able to balance a warm and open culture with strong and consistent security to protect everyone.
- Technology: State-of-the-art security technology carefully designed to fit the risks of the district and its schools. This technology should be designed to minimize disruption and be flexible to varying needs and changing risks.
- Policies and procedures: Strong, well-communicated and standard policies, procedures, and protocols.
- Knowledge and training: Robust, relevant security education can alining programs to prepare and empower staff at maintaining a safe environment of embrace security as a responsibility.

The independent security study found that Westwood Sciences have strong and compitted leadership and staff that are focused and comfortable thinking of out security, as well as a web oming, warm environment to foster positive interactions between off and students

The report noted that security technology and access con proved markedly in recent years. The district continues to invest in and in xtures, tools, ar uipment to improve security. In the d Schools ex 2019-2020 school year, the Town and the ly set aside funding to purchase technology or complete capital projects t mmendeo the security report that was were commissioned. In addition, the district contin to prior ir and maintenance items urring that impact school securi

#### Proposed Changes

The district and the de team w vroving sch security when they collaboratively design a building th ances the nce building that incorporates natural light, nd sta facilita ning e tiences and collaps, ation between teachers and students, and f dive earners will foster resiliency and enhance security in the school odates the new acc aity. con

It will also corritical for the net chool to be expressly designed with security in mind. Any school design will nee to incorporate the of these considerations:

- Public / prive separation: The school will be accessed by the community outside of the Westwood School and Extended Day Program hours. The building should therefore be designed so that there is a way to permit access to community spaces that are regularly used on nights and weekends (such as the gym, or auditorium) and simultaneously restrict access to instructional spaces (such as classrooms, media or technology rooms, or offices).
- Access control and visitor management: An entry vestibule with cameras should be at the main entrance, the front entrance as well as other entrances and exits should be secured appropriately, and perimeters should be reasonably secure against intrusion, so that overall

the building feels designed to facilitate the screening and admission of visitors. With respect to grounds and placement of the building, playgrounds, or fields on school property, consideration should be taken for elementary student safety given the traffic flow on abutting streets. Within buildings, mechanical locks for classrooms and other spaces should: ensure security of staff and students in that space, be easy to use, and be consistent with the systems that are installed throughout the district.

• Technology: Security cameras, communication systems such as a more sor paging systems, alarms, card access systems, and lighting should be installed an mance security as needed. Where appropriate, this technology should be compatible and er systems and software that are already used in the district.

The topics listed above are not a comprehensive list of source considerations have be school, but physical security systems, as well as security hardware of technology will be imported to considerations for the design team.

## Process for Collaboration & Documentation of Support

Westwood Public Schools established a procomming of committee of work with Dore + Whittier to define the project's educational intent and there programming sessions are the project-wide vit minute sion, provide site visits, and collaborated via telephone and email

Workshop The first programmin ssion - Prin included separate interviews with building principals and staff from eerfield mentary, and Sheehan Elementary to lon clarify cu ams of both schools, including the desired iture ed al mission. hodol and overall building organizational strategies. Participants were educz delivery eart" of the project for them, including specifics on any nonked to define what s at t als nego es.

The second around of programming - Principal Workshop #2 - included the principals from all District elementary sciences, the Superint indent, and the Director of Special Education. The workshop focused on the Msun Space for mary template and resulted in a first pass at a comprehensive listing of spaces, their proceed space usage, and room sizes necessary to deliver the desired educational programs and services. Principal Workshop #2 also explored diagrammatic expressions of spatial relationships, including the division of public and private spaces and the relationship among core academics, extended learning spaces, and the library/media center. This session also included a brainstorming of guiding design principles. A third programming session specifically focused on fine and performing arts education and the space usage, room size, and spatial relationships required to best support the level of robust fine and performing arts instruction provided at the elementary level in Westwood.

The District-wide Visioning session included approximately 140 elementary staff, including SPED staff, instructional coaches, technology integrators, administrators, librarians, and general education classroom teachers. The visioning session was conducted in 2-parts; in the first 90 minutes, the Design team led District staff through a series of hands-on activities to entry their definition of a meaningful learning experience and meaning social/emotional learning articipants used inspirational imagery, their own background knowledge, and person periences to envision a variety of educational experiences, which they illustrated in work mages and 3-D models. Participants used consumables from a maker table providency the Design 1.

In part two, the Design Team gave a short presentation educational environmen at support Next General Learning Standards using a variety of lects from architects, both local worldwide. Using this information, participants were then a to envi ppropriate learnin environments to support the types of meaningful learning es they identified in Part 1 of the workshop. Using big chart paper, pl ants chose a sp environment within the larger building (e.g. - classroom, library, cafeter ayout and characteristics of the envisioned ΡĽC space. Again, participants used words and trate their king. ges to

# The outcomes from both parts of the Visioning Session can be found in the Visioning Report in Appendix.....

In addition to these programming sessions, Dore + Whittier presented progress to the Working Group and School Building Committee regularly to receive feedback and input. The minutes from these meetings reflect the overall committee support for the educational program. Per the requirements of Module 3, Dore & Whittier presented the space summary to the Westwood Public School Committee for review, comment and approval. Minutes from these meetings are located in Appendix X.07.

## Major Outcomes - Guiding Principles for Design

Two major outcomes of programming effort include the completion of the MSBA Space Summary template which is communicated in another section of this Preliminary Design Program submission and several overarching guiding principles for design. This bulleted list below represents the objectives for all design alternatives from an educational perspective and will serve as the basis for evaluating the success of an alternative's ability to embody the educational program.

Guiding Principles for Design

Site

- Separation of site circulation (cars, buses, pedestrians
- Appropriate number of faculty, staff, and visitor parking spaces functionally located
- Design elements to provide for safety and security of building and site
- Age appropriate playgrounds adjacent to cafeteria and kindergarten "neighborhood"
- Field and baseball diamond to support community use
- Access to outdoor learning spaces

#### Building

- Classrooms grouped to provide for grade-level neighborwoods that the in a "small school" culture
- Classrooms adjacent to extended learning space and small, flexible break spaces
- A sufficient number of classrooms to accoundate the District's policy regard a small class sizes
- Building zoned into public and private sections
- Sufficient professional space for the planning, collar and consultation
- Special education spaces that many methods below practice allow for effective delivery of related services, and employ Universe Desure cinciples
- Classroom spaces that provide flexible v to supply a variety of efferentiated instructional experiences (whole a struction, shell college at the supply individual work, project-based learning)
- Instructional access that prove access to vlight and views of the outdoors
- Acoustically subrate but visue connected bing experiences in the cafeteria
- Dedicated space or PE (response) adaptive, susic, Art, and STEAM/coding
- Floatenet a variet, since es, include a size and furniture to support various ning processes as eaching methods
- Otilities and informucture conticipate changing technology, student needs, and quipment
- No vide sufficient space for Administration located adjacent to the main entrance of the built of
- Performence space that eets MSBA guidelines and the District educational program.
- Library/Meth Centerport is a learning commons, a reimagined, multi-use space in proximity to general education classrooms, STEAM, coding, makerspace locations and art to allow for more project-basid, interdisciplinary work individually and in small groups.
- Energy requirements...



## TO BE REMOVED?

#### **Previous Coordinated Review**

Every six years, the District participates in the Comprehensive Program Review (CPR) from the Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (MCESE). In the future, this audit process is being split into every three year Tiered Focus Monitorian (MCESE). The Westwood Public Schools will have the first TFM visit in February 2020 and the back and findings from the MADESE will be given to the district in the late spring/early superior of 20 and will be able to be included in budget planning for FY'21 and beyond.

The last Comprehensive Program Review (CPR) that in and special education factories was held in 2013 - 2014 and the findings under Special Education dicator #55 "Facilities" was found to be implemented. The DESE requires that District builds a meet the following regulatory remements:

Special education facilities and classrooms

The school district provide taken s and classrow for eligible students that

- 1. Maximize the inclusion of such some typic into the interview of the school;
- 2. Pressibility in the to see fully each student's IEP;
- *3. A least wal in all provide respects to sup average standards of general ducation factors and class noms;*

the given the same priority as operal education programs in the allocation substruction of the space public schools in order to minimize the separate or stigman. Severible students; and are not identified by signs on the means that stigmatize such students.

All purposed design enroll whats wood allow the District to meet these requirements and provide for full compliance with the Almand other equirements of the law.

#### Community

#### Partnerships

The Westwood Public Schools also values its wider community partners which aid in their mission to expand opportunities for students:

Westwood Community Chest is a nonprofit organization dedicated to helping Westwood residents in need through temporary financial assistance. The organization awards camperships to summer camp for school-aged children.

The Foundation for Westwood Education partners with residents and local businesses to raise funds and award educational grants to both the Westwood Public Schools and community organizations.

The Friends of Westwood Performing Arts enriches the music and theater education of Westwood students and expands cultural opportunities for the community.

Hale Reservation is a nonprofit educational organization that manages a naturalized area of Westwood and Dover, providing outdoor and environmental education experiences for children and adults.

The Westwood Public Library provides resources and diverse and creative opportunities for residents to satisfy recreational interests and find information on cultural and social trends. Museum passes, meeting spaces, information and reference materials, and Internet access are all available.

Westwood Recreation offers fun, innovative, and healthy programs and events.



Like upper District elementary schools with Hanlon and Sheehan Elementary run from 8:50 am-3:10 pm. Detailed runs from 8:25 ph-2:45 ph

At the Hanlon connentary School he Before School Program begins at 7 am. Hanlon students gather in the Extended Lonclassroom he Extended Day Program runs from 7:30-8:30 am and from 3:00-6:00 pm. Students us the mended Day classroom, lunchroom, the Art/Music Room, the Gym, two classrooms, the lobby, was the playground. Information regarding the Extended Day Program is described in the Student Support Services subsection above.

Morning arrival typically begins around 8:30 am. Weather permitting, students report to the playground. In inclement weather, students in K-2 go to the lobby and grades 3-5 go to the lunchroom from 8:30-8:45 am. Children learn in their general classrooms for most of the day and travel to lunch,

physical education, music, art, and library classes. Student dismissal begins at 3:10 pm and ends at approximately 3:20 pm.

At Sheehan Elementary, students in the Before School program gather in the cafeteria (grades 3-5) and Rm. 5 (grades K-2). The Sheehan Extended Day Program runs from 3:10-6:00 pm. The program is held in the cafeteria, library, gymnasium, Rm. 3, and Rm. 2. Children learn in their general classrooms for most of the day and travel to lunch, physical education, music, art, and library classes. Student dismissal begins at 3:10 pm. and ends at approximately 3:25 pm.

ents gather in the cafeteria. At Deerfield Elementary, the Before School Program begins at 7 a Morning arrival typically runs from 8:05-8:20 am. Upon arrival rt to the playground. In ents the event of inclement weather, students spend the morp arrival perio the school gym and to lunch, physical cafeteria. Children learn in their general classrooms for of the day and tra and ends at education, music, art, and library classes. Studer missal begins at 2:40 approximately 2:55 pm. Deerfield does not curre have an Extended Day Progra nsite, and instead, partners with the Martha Jones School. Stude are buss the Extended Day gram.

#### Core Academic Spaces

In the general educ lassroom se g, tea nlon. erfield, and Sheehan plan lessons that are red, han d. Classrooms are a bustling d inquiry ent-c hub of diffe ated, coop ive, smal oup learning teams where students work at in a whole g b, or work ependently in a more self-directed activity. stations, m Specifically, in science and mathematics, there are a variety of experiments and/or hands-on, active lessons that require flexibility in classroom layout, tables for experiments and lab work, and ample storage for teaching materials, consumables, and ongoing project work.

General educatio ecial Education teachers, and interventionists share students achers k-out spaces in hallways, and pushing into classrooms coss classrooms, izing b th ghout the day. times, students either leave the classroom to receive therapies, inclu OT, SPL, PT, or specialists push into the classroom to provide services when Westwoo ay, movement, and gross motor activities are used to activate possible ient, curiosity, and concentration. Teachers set up hands-on "wonder students' se . ex dents explore various concepts related to interdisciplinary content. stations" when Additionally, teachers leverage sensory pathways in classrooms and hallways where patterns affixed to walls and the floor enable students to complete multi-stage tasks and make connections in the brain responsible for sight, touch, and sound. Teachers extend this stimulation to the outdoors where indoor learning walks and sensory pathways become outdoor learning walks and various other outdoor activities (like gardening, readers theater, writing activities, and experimentation) at each school's outdoor learning space. When space

<mark>is needed for larger group work, classrooms will try to use the gymnasium if it is not in use or</mark> they go outside, weather permitting<mark>.</mark>

The active, authentic learning described above, where play and inquiry are at the forefront of knowledge acquisition, requires flexibility at a variety of scales, paired classroom adjacency, movable partitions between classrooms, attached small group rooms, and extended learning space immediately outside classrooms to support flexibility of the teaching environment.

#### Supplemental Learning Areas Within the Building

There are limited supplemental learning areas within the Hanlon, erfield, and Sheehan Elementary Schools. Because all three elementa nool's current sp are smaller than aon often takes place in average, "push-in" support and small group in room comers, on the floor, and at small tables in the k of classrooms. Pull-out supp happens in hallways, converted closets, the cafeteria, the obby, sha office spaces, an Special Education classrooms, which are also converted ces result, many Special Education spaces lack privacy, are not acoustically separate, and are void of natural light.

Both Hanlon and Deerfield Elementary Schools have no dedicated space for art or music, and their libraries are well below MSBA guidelines as they are both former converted classrooms. At Hanlon, art and music share a space backstage just off of the gymnasium. Limited accessibility at Hanlon requires art and music instruction to be relocated in times when a student cannot access the shared art/music space.

At Deerfield, art takes place in a converted locker room, which also shares accessibility issues like Hanlon. Music takes place in various locations depending on the day, including the gym floor, attached stage, and in the cafeteria.

Sheehan Elementary School has a dedicated library and dedicated space for art and PE; music takes place on the cafeteria stage. With no dedicated space for Adaptive PE, this service take place in the hallway outside the gymnasium, with no privacy and directly in the way of anyone circulating in that area of the building.

In all three design enrollment options, the District has identified a desire for dedicated space for music, art, STEAM, PE, and Adaptive PE. Additionally, the District has identified a desire for Extended Learning Areas within a new or renovated facility to address the increasingly collaborative nature of teaching and learning. These spaces, proposed as net-generating spaces, include a total of 6, one for each grade level pod. The District and design team envision these as dynamic, multi-use spaces that serve as environments for breakout spaces, small and large group instruction, assemblies, workshops, indoor sensory pathways, student presentations, dramatic performances, and "messy" creative projects. In addition to meeting current educational needs, flexible Extended Learning Areas would be ideally poised to meet unanticipated future educational needs of the District's elementary students.

#### A Day in the Life of a Student Elementary School: Typical Day/Week in the Life of a Student ect Activity or Subject Activity or Activity or Subject Hanlon Deerfield an ELA ~ 105-135 105-125 minut ELA - 105- 125 minutes minutes per sludes day for Reading, ng, Wi day Re and g, and Word Work W Wor udy) chematics -Mathemat - 60-70 Mathematics - 60-70 0-70 minutes minutes per minutes per day. lay al Stud Social Studies ~ 45-60 Social Studies - 45 - 60 45inute minutes per day, 3-4x minutes per day, 3-4 4x per da week, alternating times per week with Social Studies alternating with Science per wee alternati units Units vith Social 2 ès. Science ~45-60 Science ~ 45-60 Science - 45-60 minutes minutes per day, 3-4x minutes per per day, 3-4 times per day, 3-4x per per week, alternating week alternating with Social Studies units week, alternating with

	Social Studies units	with Social Studies units	
	Art ~ 1x 45, PE ~ 1x 45, Music 1x 45, Library 1x 45 per week *a double special for each grade level 1x45 per week in grades K, 1, 2, 4, 5 Grade 3 coding 1x 45 per week Lunch(cross 60 Junes)	Art ~ 1x 45, PE ~ 1x 45, Music 1x 45, Library 1x 45 per week *a double special for each grade level 1x45 per week in grada 1, 2, 4, 5 Grade 3 co (¢ 1x 45 per week Recess inch minutes) ay	Art - 1 x 45 PE - 1 1x45 Library 1 *a double spear for each grade level 1 x 5 periveek in K, 1, 2, 4 c ade 3 Coding 1 X 45 per week
Question		Yes/No or Comment	
Ensuring Access			

1. Do the facilities and classrooms for eligible students maximize their inclusion into the life of the school?	No. A new or renovated school facility would support a wider distribution of support classrooms to maximize inclusion into the life of the school.
2. Do all eligible students have access to school facilities including, but not limited to, those areas necessary to implement the student's IEP?	Yes
<ul> <li>3. Are resource rooms and separate classrooms for students with disabilities given the same priority as general education programs for access to and use of instructional and other space in public schools?</li> <li>4. Is the school providing whatever equipment and making whatever physical adaptations are necessary, including acoustical and lighting treatments to remove physical communication barriers for students who are visually impaired, deaf, or hard of hearing?</li> </ul>	Yes, however, a new or renovated school facility would offer greater availability of adaptive resources to all students.
Ensuring Equality 5. Are the facilities and classrooms serving only students with disabilities at least equal in all physical respects to the average standards of general education facilities and classrooms?	Yes, however, the current average standards of general education facilities and classrooms are often below recommended MSBA standards.
Minimizing Stigmatization	

<mark>6. Specifically, does the plan place a</mark>	No.
classroom serving only older students with	
disabilities in a part of the school building in	
which all the classrooms are occupied by	
elementary school students? Vice versa? (if	
yes, it's a violation)	
7. Does the plan place all, or a significant	No. A new or renovated school facility would
proportion, of special education facilities	ensure locations of facilities used to deliver
together in one part of a school building? (if	special education services are distributed
<mark>yes, it's a violation)</mark>	throughout the school building.
8. During a school construction project, is the	No.
plan to move classrooms of students with	
disabilities to locations apart from the	
general education program? (if yes, it's a	
violation)	
9. Is the plan to place a sign saying "special	No.
class" or "resource room" on the front of a	
substantially separate classroom? (if yes, it's	
a violation)	